Everyday Women

Ever-Faithful God

Join Old Testament Women on Their Walk from Fear to Faith

MELANIE NEWTON
Everyday Women

Ever-Faithful God

“Join Old Testament Women on Their Walk from Fear to Faith”

Journey alongside some special women in the Old Testament on their walk from fear to deeper faith in our amazing God. They were EVERYDAY WOMEN like we are who experienced fear like we do. From their life stories, we can see an EVER-FAITHFUL GOD in action. Be challenged and encouraged as you discover and apply wonderful, timeless truths of God’s character to our modern, hectic lives.

MELANIE NEWTON
We extend our heartfelt thanks to the many women who served as editors for this study guide—especially Brenda Sharp, Joye Messerli, and Michelle Burns. Without your help, we would never have accomplished this monumental task in a timely manner.

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Melanie Newton is a Lifestyle Disciplemaking speaker, author, and trainer with Joyful Walk Ministries. She is the author of Graceful Beginnings books for anyone new to the Bible and Joyful Walk Bible Studies for growing Christians. Melanie can be contacted at melanienewton.com.

We pray that you and your group will find Everyday Women, Ever-Faithful God a resource that God will use to strengthen you in your faith walk with Him.
Melanie Newton

Melanie Newton is a Louisiana girl who made the choice to follow Jesus while attending LSU. She and her husband Ron married and moved to Texas for him to attend Dallas Theological Seminary. They stayed in Texas where Ron led a wilderness camping ministry for troubled youth for many years. Ron now helps corporations with their challenging employees and is the author of the top-rated business book, No Jerks on the Job.

Melanie jumped into raising three Texas-born children and serving in ministry to women at her church. Through the years, the Lord has given her opportunity to do Bible teaching and to write grace-based Bible studies for women that are now available from her website (melanienewton.com) and on Bible.org. Graceful Beginnings books are for anyone new to the Bible. Joyful Walk Bible Studies are for maturing Christians.

Melanie is currently a disciplermaking trainer with Joyful Walk Ministries. She equips and encourages Christian women everywhere to pursue a lifestyle of disciplermaking. Her heart’s desire is to encourage you to have a joyful relationship with Jesus Christ so you are willing to share that experience with others around you.

“Jesus took hold of me in 1972, and I’ve been on this great adventure ever since. My life is a gift of God, full of blessings in the midst of difficult challenges. The more I’ve learned and experienced God’s absolutely amazing grace, the more I’ve discovered my faith walk to be a joyful one. I’m still seeking that joyful walk every day…”

Melanie
Other Bible Studies by Melanie Newton

**Graceful Beginnings Series books for new-to-the-Bible Christians:**
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- Painting the Portrait of Jesus
- The God You Can Know
- Grace Overflowing
- The Walk from Fear to Faith
- Satisfied by His Love

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- Graceful Living: The Essentials of Living a Grace-Based Christian Life
- 7 Cs of a Firm Foundation: A Study Based on Genesis 1-11
- Everyday Women, Ever-Faithful God: Old Testament Women
- Profiles of Perseverance: Old Testament Men
- Live Out His Love: New Testament Women
- Radical Acts: Adventure with the Spirit from the Book of Acts
- Knowing Jesus, Knowing Joy: A Study of Philippians
- Healthy Living: A Study of Colossians
- Adorn Yourself with Godliness: A Study of 1 Timothy and Titus
- Perspective: A Study of 1 and 2 Thessalonians
- To Be Found Faithful: A Study of 2 Timothy

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Using This Study Guide

This study guide consists of 10 lessons arranged chronologically according to Old Testament history. For those who are not familiar with the history of Israel found in the Old Testament, each lesson begins with a brief history of a particular time period and then covers the lives of 1-2 women who lived during that time.

The lessons are divided into 4 sections (about 20 minutes in length). The first 3 sections contain a detail study of the passages. The fourth section asks you to reflect on what you’ve learned. The goal is to help you establish a regular time of study in the Word for 5 days each week, considering your small group session to be one of those days. If you cannot do the entire lesson one week, please read the Bible passage being covered.

The Basic Study

Each lesson includes core questions covering the narrative associated with the lives of 1-2 women. These core questions will take you through the process of inductive Bible study—observation, interpretation, and application. The process is more easily understood in the context of answering these questions:

- What does the passage say? *(Observation: what’s actually there)*
- What does it mean? *(Interpretation: the author’s intended meaning)*
- How does this apply to me today? *(Application: making it personal)*

*Your Life’s Journey* questions lead you to introspection and application of a specific truth to your life.

Study Enhancements

*Deeper Discoveries (optional):* Embedded within the sections are *optional* questions for further research of subjects we don’t have time to cover adequately in the lessons or contain information that may enhance the basic study. If you are meeting with a small group, your leader may give you the opportunity to share your "discoveries."

*Study Aids:* To aid in proper interpretation and application of the study, additional study aids are located where appropriate in the lesson:

- Historical Insights
- Scriptural Insights
- From the Hebrew (definitions of Hebrew words)
- Focus on the Meaning
- Think About It (thoughtful reflection)

Tell Your Story

This study is about the faith walk of women—those who lived in years past and those who live in the present. The scripture passages tell each Old Testament woman’s “story” about her trust in God’s faithfulness and goodness. Through *Tell Your Story* questions in each lesson, you will be encouraged to write parts of your own story that relate to what’s learned in the lesson. At the end of the study, you’ll have enough information to put together a “My Story” of your own faith walk with God—especially your walk from fear to faith.
Discussion Group Guidelines

1. **Attend consistently** whether your lesson is done or not. You’ll learn from the other women, and they want to get to know you.

2. **Set aside time** to work through the study questions. The goal of Bible study is to **get to know** Jesus. He will change your life.

3. **Share your insights** from your personal study time. As you spend time in the Bible, Jesus will teach you truth through His Spirit inside you.

4. **Respect each other’s insights**. Listen thoughtfully. Encourage each other as you interact. Refrain from dominating the discussion if you have a tendency to be talkative. 😊

5. **Celebrate our unity** in Christ. Avoid bringing up controversial subjects such as politics, divisive issues, and denominational differences.

6. **Maintain confidentiality**. Remember that anything shared during the group time is not to leave the **group** (unless permission is granted by the one sharing).

7. **Pray for one another** as sisters in Christ.

8. **Get to know the women** in your group. Please do not use your small group members for solicitation purposes for home businesses, though.

Old Testament Summary

About 1700 years after God created everything, He sent judgment on a rebellious race through a worldwide Flood. He later separated the nations with different languages and scattered them from Babel. Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob were founding fathers of the Hebrew people. Sold into slavery, Joseph became a powerful foreign leader. The Israelites grew in number for ~400 years in Egypt. Then God delivered them from bondage through Moses who took the people across the Red Sea and taught them God's Law at Mt. Sinai. Joshua led the Israelites into the Promised Land after a 40-year trek in the wilderness because of unbelief.

During the transition toward monarchy, there were deliverer-rulers called "Judges," the last of whom was Samuel. The first three Hebrew kings—Saul, David, and Solomon—each ruled 40 years. Under Rehoboam, the Hebrew nation divided into northern and southern kingdoms, respectively called Israel and Judah. Prophets warned against worshipping the foreign god Baal. After the reign of 19 wicked kings in the north, Assyria conquered and scattered the northern kingdom. In the south, 20 kings ruled for ~350 years, until Babylon took the people into captivity for 70 years. Zerubbabel, Ezra, and Nehemiah led the Jews back into Jerusalem over a 100-year period. More than 400 "silent years" spanned the gap between Malachi and Matthew.

The 39 books in the Old Testament are divided into 4 main categories:

- **“The LAW”** (5 books)—the beginning of the nation of Israel as God’s chosen people; God giving His Laws to the people that made them distinct from the rest of the nations.
- **“HISTORY”** (12 books)—narratives that reveal what happened from the time the people entered the Promised Land right after Moses died until 400 years before Christ was born.
- **“POETRY & WISDOM”** (5 books)—take place at the same time as the history books but are set apart because they are written as poems and have a lot of wise teaching in them.
- **“PROPHETS”** (17 books)—concurrent with the books of history and, except for Lamentations, reflect the name of the prophet through whom God spoke to the nation of Israel.
Old Testament Timeline

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T rusting an Ever-Faithful God

This study examines the faith walk of women who lived in Old Testament days. Like many women today, you may have very little knowledge of the Old Testament. You might look at that half of your Bible and think, “What’s written in it happened so long ago—anywhere from 2-4 thousand years ago. What do those women have in common with me? They don’t live in my world. They seem just like names on a page.”

If you like to read biographies, doesn’t reading someone’s story make that person come alive for you? Or, you may have done genealogy work on your family tree. It can be great to find something to brag about. But, you can also find out some of your ancestors’ dark secrets and hardships. I don’t know about you, but I feel a connection to that great-great grandmother when I learn a little bit about her life. Hopefully, that’s what you will experience through this study.

These Old Testament women were EVERYDAY WOMEN, just like we are, with many of the same experiences and challenges that we have. We’ll see an EVER-FAITHFUL GOD in action—a faithful God whose character never changes. He’s as faithful now in our everyday circumstances of life as He was years ago to them. We can feel confidence in His presence and active involvement, even when we can’t see it. And, knowing this, we can trust in Him whenever we are afraid. And, we are often afraid, aren’t we?

A few years ago, I heard Jill Briscoe say, “Women are a fear-driven, performance-oriented species.” I think she’s right. Fear is an ever-present emotion with us. Real fears and imagined fears. Is it realistic to think we can live without fear? No! Fear is a normal human emotion designed by God to alert us to danger so that we will take action against it. Yet, fear can take root in us and cause us to give way to panic and hysteria. God knows this about us. When we are afraid, God wants us to trust Him and not give way to fear. Learning to do so is our WALK FROM FEAR TO FAITH.

As we join these Old Testament women on their walk from fear to faith, we will see consistent truths that we can apply to our lives today in our faith walk…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!
Your walk from fear to faith begins as you count on these truths and live each day believing they are true.

Your faith walk is your story, your biography of God’s faithfulness to you and your response back to Him. Each one of these women had a story, and that story has been shared over and over to millions of eager listeners. You’re going to get to know it as you get to know them. It’s a connection with real women, EVERYDAY WOMEN.

And, each one of you has a story. You will be given opportunities throughout the study to recall parts of your story, write about it, and share it with others. And, you’ll have more reason to praise our EVER-FAITHFUL God as you see and hear how He has been faithful to each of you through the years. It’s going to be a great journey. And, I’m so glad to be walking beside you!

Melanie Newton
The Walk from Fear to Faith

Time Period: Creation through today

“When I am afraid, I will trust in you. In God, whose word I praise, in God I trust; I will not be afraid. What can mortal man do to me?” PSALM 56:3-4

The Gift of Fear

You know that feeling. The pit in your stomach, pounding of your heart, and rush of your thoughts as you go from just the possibility of a job loss to starving and being homeless on the streets—all in a matter of seconds. Gripped by fear, although an imagined one.

Fear is a normal human emotion designed by God to alert us to danger so that we will take action against it. It has a purpose. It tells us to take precautions, to be wise in our dealings with strangers and strange situations. We need to think of it as a gift.

We know fear has a dark side as well. Bible teacher Jill Briscoe has often said, “Women are a fear-driven, performance-oriented species.” Just watching the daily news can panic us. What did she mean by fear-driven? Why would fear drive us? And, what does fear drive us to do?

Women in general are created with a nesting instinct, a need for security and stability, and a desire to control our environment in order to create that security for us and for those we love. Our American way of thinking is this: we can fix it—whatever IT is. When we cannot fix it, we panic. And, fear can bring out the worst in us, especially in our uncertain world rife with the threat of terrorism. The damaging effect of constant fear is a disorienting sense that no place is safe.

Fear can be real or imagined. For me, a real fear is meeting a snake in my woodsy yard while gardening. I know they are there so I carefully do everything I can to avoid interaction with them. I experienced an imagined fear as my youngest daughter was growing up. That fear manifested itself in ongoing nightmares about her being kidnapped or molested. She was never threatened that way, but she was friendly and outgoing. I guess I thought she was more vulnerable than my older, more cautious daughter. When that young daughter became a strong teen girl who was daily hockey-checking her older brother into the wall as they met each other in the hallway, those nightmares stopped. I guess my subconscious recognized that she could handle herself.

Is it realistic to think we can live without fear? No! Our faithful God understands this about us. He doesn’t want us to stay there, disoriented and hopeless. He gives us the answer—Himself!

Day One Study

1. Read Psalm 56:3-4. Write out these verses in the space provided below.
2. Reading back over those words you just wrote, underline the phrases that tell you what to do when you are afraid. Then, write them below.

Notice that David doesn’t write, “If I am afraid.” He says, “When I am afraid.” Fear will happen. We can let fear take root in us so that we give way to panic and hysteria. Does that ring any bells with you? Are you prone to hysterics? God knows this about us. When we are afraid, God wants us to trust Him and not give way to fear. Learning to do that is your walk from fear to faith.

**Trusting a Faithful God**

Since God understands the tendency to fear and panic in us, the Holy Spirit inspired Peter to write encouragement and instructions to women in 1 Peter 3:3-6.

3. Read 1 Peter 3:3-6. What does God consider of great worth in His sight (verse 4)?

Although the context of this passage is a marriage relationship, the principles apply to any woman’s character (“inner self”), especially the qualities of a GENTLE and QUIET spirit that are precious in God’s sight. These enable a woman to “do what is right and not give way to fear” (verse 6). But, you may be thinking, “How can that apply to me? I have a bubbly personality. I’m not naturally quiet.” Before you start feeling put out about these words or afraid that you could never measure up to this, let’s find out what “gentle” and “quiet” actually mean.

**Scriptural Insight:** “GENTLE” means “controlled strength.” It does not mean passive, weak, or someone who cannot help herself. Picture a mother cradling a newborn. She has the physical strength to harm that child but doesn’t because her strength is under control. If you are going to have a gentle spirit, what will you need? Strength under control. A woman with a gentle spirit has a humble heart that bows itself before God, recognizes God’s dealings with her as good, and chooses not to be contentious or resistant against Him.

“QUIET” means “tranquility arising from within.” It does not mean whisper, silent, or bland. “Quiet” includes the idea of causing no disturbance to others. Think how a woman’s hysterics affect those around her—family, friends, and coworkers. A woman with a quiet spirit has an inner peace and calmness in the midst of any circumstances. We can have a tranquil spirit in the midst of chaos. See how it fits with the “strength under control” attitude?

Gentleness and peace are fruits of the Holy Spirit (Gal. 5: 22-23) in a believer’s life and available to every Christian woman who desires them—that includes you and me! Now that you know the real meanings of these words, are you more likely to desire these qualities?

4. Why do you think these qualities in a woman would be so precious – of great worth – to God?
5. Read 1 Peter 3:5-6 written below and underline the three choices women can make, identified by (1), (2), and (3).

“For this is the way the holy women of the past who (1) put their hope in God used to make themselves beautiful. They were submissive to their own husbands, like Sarah, who obeyed Abraham and called him her master. You are her daughters if you (2) do what is right and (3) do not give way to fear.”

Peter identifies these examples for us as “holy women of the past.” The word “holy” means set apart for God’s special use. These women are holy because they’ve learned to trust in God when they were afraid. As holy women, these women were beautiful in God’s eyes (regardless of their outward appearance, age or social status). This beauty attributed to them by God Himself was based on three choices they made (“used to make themselves beautiful”) that every woman can make today:

• Choice #1: You can put your hope in God—in God and His Word rather than the fickleness of ourselves or others.

• Choice #2: You can do what is right—according to God’s way of approaching life, not the world’s way, especially those cultural practices that go against God’s Word.

• Choice #3: You can choose to not give way to fear. Let’s examine this one more closely.

Choose to Not Give Way to Fear

What does that mean—not give way to fear? We know this: God is not saying, “Don’t ever feel fear.” God gave us the gift of fear as a normal human emotion designed to alert us to danger so we can take action against it. God is saying, “You don’t have to stay terrified and paralyzed by your fear.” We are to TRUST GOD—in whom we have put our hope and by whose Word we are taught to do what is right.

6. Have you ever felt terrified? How did you respond?

7. God says that having a gentle and quiet inner spirit will make it easier for us to not get so terrified and stay that way. What’s harder for God: rescuing us from desperate circumstances or developing in us a gentle and quiet spirit? Why?

Did you select the “developing in us a gentle and quiet spirit?” I agree because it involves our cooperation! Is it too difficult for Him? No! But here’s the key: a humble, peaceful heart makes it easier for us to make that choice to trust in the faithfulness of God rather than the fickleness of ourselves or others when we are tempted to panic and succumb to hysteria.

We have a faithful God. That’s not imaginary. In 1 Peter 3:5, Sarah represents several other everyday women who lived in Old Testament days who put their hope in God and found Him worthy of their trust. This was their walk from fear to faith. What is that? We’ll find out in the Day Two Study.
8. **Your Life’s Journey:** What might be holding you back from trusting God whenever you are afraid?

**Think About It:** “When we experience anxiety or fear, the enemy can try to use it as an opportunity to make us feel guilt or shame. That’s when we pause and ask God for help, knowing He understands and never condemns us.” (Holley Gerth, “Fear Not,” *Homelife Magazine*, March 2016)

**Day Two Study**

**The Walk from Fear to Faith**

In the Bible, “walk” refers to following a certain course of life or conducting oneself in a certain way. It’s your daily life. How you choose to live daily. What motivates you. What guides you. What decisions you make in how you will respond to life. Will your daily walk (life) follow God’s way of approaching life or the world’s way of approaching life (usually very different)? Your walk is your choice.

For the purposes of this study, your choice will involve moving away from fear and toward faith. Most of us have a pretty good understanding of fear in our lives. But, what is faith? God defines that for us Himself through the writer of Hebrews.

   - What is faith (v. 1)?
   - What must you believe about God in your faith (v. 6)?

Did you notice that faith is related to confidence? Confident hope and assurance that what we believe is true. Confidence that our God exists and is good to anyone who seeks Him. This confidence pleases Him. Hebrews 11 continues to relate the lives of men and women who had this confidence in God.

10. Read Hebrews 11:11, 23, and 31. Who chose faith in God over giving way to fear?

11. Read Hebrews 11:35 (first half of verse). By faith, what did these women receive?

**Think About It:** “When we look at life just with our own eyes, we become fearful, pessimistic, & negative. We become people who feel, ‘I don’t know if that can work. I don’t know if I can get through this.’ When we look at the Scriptures and begin to...see how God empowered normal average people like you and I, the Holy Spirit takes the Word of God and strengthens us and gives us courage that we didn’t know we had.”
These women are our examples of choosing faith in God over giving way to fear (1 Peter 3:5-6). By studying their lives, God’s Spirit will strengthen us and give us courage we didn’t know we had.

**Connecting with Old Testament Everyday Women**

If you have limited knowledge of the Old Testament, those women who lived so long ago may be strangers to you. Some you may have heard about—Sarah, Hannah, Abigail and Bathsheba. Everyone of Jewish birth can consider Sarah to be a great-great-grandmother. Others are unknown—Jael, Mrs. Manoah, and the Shunammite woman. Yet, they were still women like you and I are.

As everyday women, they cooked meals, did laundry, and raised children. They had responsibilities inside and outside of their homes, including home businesses. They experienced hormone fluctuations and menopause. They laughed with their friends, differed with their mates, and cried when a loved one died. They wrote songs and played musical instruments. I bet they all found ways to use their 20,000 words per day.

At one time, they were 20-somethings, then 40-somethings, then 60-somethings and more. They wore beads, earrings, and ankle bracelets. Their hair needed to be combed and fixed, and it turned grey as they aged. No doubt, some of them, if not all, had something on their bodies that sagged!

These women also experienced fear at various times in their lives just like we do. They faced invading enemies, sick family members, and empty pantries. They faced creditors and surprise houseguests. They even had “bad” days when things didn’t go right, sometimes due to their own choices. These were EVERYDAY WOMEN, just like we are.

12. As women in general, what kind of life experiences for them might have been the same as your own life experiences?

13. What kinds of fears did these women probably face that you also face?

Each one of these women had a story, and that story has been shared over and over to millions of eager listeners. You might be surprised how many times the scriptures refer to them actually telling their story to others around them. Their stories—snippets of their biographies—are preserved for us to get to know them, and to know their God who is also our God—an EVER-FAITHFUL God whose character never changes. He’s as faithful now in our everyday circumstances of life as He was years ago to those women. We can feel confidence in His presence and active involvement, even when we can’t see it. And, knowing this, we can trust in Him whenever we are afraid.

14. Using a dictionary, write the definition of trust that fits best with the concept of trusting God.
**EVERYDAY WOMEN, EVER-FAITHFUL GOD**

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**Trusting an Ever-Faithful Personal God**

Trust is usually defined as a firm belief in the character, truth, ability, or strength of someone or something. In our walk from fear to faith, that trust is in God. As we study the lives of Sarah, Miriam, Rahab, and others, we'll see an ever-faithful personal God in action. These Old Testament women knew God by the personal name **Yahweh**. In our English translations, it is usually written as LORD in capital letters. In the Old Testament, you'll find the phrase “the LORD your God” or “the LORD our God” at least 500 times. Every time, that phrase is emphasizing, “We have a personal God. His name is **Yahweh**.” It’s the name by which God wished to be known and worshiped in Israel and by Israel. **Yahweh** means, “I am.” This name expressed His character as constant, dependable and faithful.

Several times in the gospels, Jesus applied God’s name “I am” to Himself (John 4:26; 8:58). So, the ever-faithful, promise-keeping God of the Old Testament is embodied in the Lord Jesus Christ of the New Testament and forever. We still have a personal God.

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15. Read John 14:27 and 16:33. What does Jesus promise to you?

Take heart! He is with you through any trouble. You can trust Him. Our. God. Is. Trustworthy.

16. **TELL YOUR STORY:** Has there been a problem in your life where you needed to make a choice to do right, but the possible consequences filled you with fear? Have you learned to trust God and live by faith in that area, or are you still struggling with it?

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**Day Three Study—Four Truths Essential to Faith**

As we join these Old Testament women on their faith walk, we will see consistent truths that we can apply to our lives today in our WALK FROM FEAR TO FAITH.

**Truth #1: God Loves You**

17. Read the following verses. What do you learn about God’s love for you?

- John 16:27 —
- Romans 5:5 —
- Ephesians 5:1 —

**Summary:**
As a believer in Jesus, the Father Himself loves you. He pours out His love in your heart. You are one of His dearly loved children. You can count on Truth #1 — God loves you.

**Truth #2: God Knows What Is Going on in Your Life**

18. Read the following verses. What does God know about you?

- Matthew 6:25, 31-32 —
- Psalm 139:1-10 —

God is everywhere and knows everything. That’s part of His character. He knows what is going on in your life and my life. If He doesn’t, then He isn’t really God. He knows how best to meet your needs, how to get you through anything. It’s a given. You can count on Truth #2 — God knows what is going on in your life.

**Truth #3: God Can Do Something About It**

19. Read the following verses: What does the angel say to each woman about God’s power?

- Genesis 18:14 —
- Luke 1:37 —

Since the angel lives in heaven with God, he should know. So, is anything impossible for the Lord? The answer is, NO! Notice that both of these often-quoted statements are made to women concerning the deepest hurt a woman could experience at that time—barrenness. What is the deepest hurt you can experience in your culture? Your God can do something about that, too.

Jesus said to the men and women following Him, “All things are possible with God.” (Mark 10:27) Our God is all-powerful. He is capable of doing anything He chooses to do that is in agreement with His character and His will. We can count on Truth #3 — God can do something about it. Whatever IT is.

**Truth #4: You Can Trust His Goodness In Whatever He Chooses To Do**

This is the sticky part, isn’t it? Is God good? Can I believe that He is good all the time?

The day before my dear friend died of breast cancer, she softly spoke to me these words, “God is good.” I finished her sentence with “all the time” because I had heard her say that repeatedly. She replied, “I don’t understand all of this.” And, most of the time, we can’t understand. But, we’ve got to bank on God’s goodness.

20. Read Psalm 119:68. What is declared about God?
21. Read Proverbs 3:5. What wisdom is given to us?

God is good all the time. That’s a fact. What He does is always good. As we study each of these women, we’ll see that during her faith walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, she chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded her faith with an outpouring of His blessing in other ways. You can do the same. So, here’s Truth #4 — You can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

Sweet friends, God may not choose to rescue you from everything that is threatening you at this time. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths...say them aloud, making them personal:

- God loves me
- God knows what is going on in my life
- God can do something about it
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do

One of the best biblical examples of these four truths in action comes from John 11. Martha informed Jesus that her brother Lazarus was sick.

- Jesus loved Martha and her sister and Lazarus (John 11:5).
- Jesus knew what was going on in Martha’s life—Lazarus died (verses 6, 11, 14).
- Jesus could do something about it—He had healed from a distance (John 4:50-53).
- But, Jesus chose to do something different, even better than what anyone could imagine though it caused pain and suffering to those He loved and a lot of waiting, too (John 11:14-15).

After 4 days of being dead, Lazarus was brought back to life, and good things happened. God’s goodness showed up—Lazarus had his life restored, his sisters saw their now healthy brother returned to them, the disciples witnessed an amazing work of God, and many people now believed in Jesus who had not yet believed in Him. Martha could now say to herself with assurance, “God loves me. God knows what is going on in my life. God can do something about it. I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do.” And so can you.

22. Your Life’s Journey: read the words to the song below. Then pick one thing that is causing you fear today. What are your choices for acting on that fear? Apply the 4 truths to your situation.

When You don’t move the mountains I’m needing You to move
When You don’t part the waters I wish I could walk through
When You don’t give the answers as I cry out to You
I will trust, I will trust, I will trust in You! (Lauren Daigle, “Trust in You”)
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

23. *Your Life’s Journey:* Here is a biblical tool you can use to apply faith to your fear. Go through this “Applying Faith to Fear” process to write out your plan of action to apply faith to one of your fears right now.

**APPLYING FAITH TO FEAR**

**STEP 1. CONFRONT IT. WHAT FEARS DO YOU HAVE RIGHT NOW?**

*Consider your fears. The real ones and the imaginary ones. Which are the most likely to tempt you to panic or to be terrified?*

**STEP 2. ASK ABOUT EACH ONE: WHAT IS MY WORST-CASE SCENARIO?**

*Start with just one of those fears, perhaps the most terrifying one. What is the worst that could happen? Think realistically not hypothetically.*

**STEP 3. CONSIDER: IF THE WORST I CAN IMAGINE HAPPENS, COULD I HANDLE IT THROUGH THE PRESENCE AND POWER OF JESUS CHRIST?**

As a Christian, you have the power of the One who created the Universe living inside of you. Ask yourself, “Can He help me get through anything?” The answer is a resounding, “YES!”

*Hebrews 4:15-16; Ephesians 3:20; Romans 8:26*

*If the worst I can imagine happens, are you confident that you could handle it through the presence and power of Jesus Christ? If not, where do you need extra help?*

**STEP 4. REMEMBER THE FOUR TRUTHS ESSENTIAL TO FAITH:**

- God loves me. John 16:27; Romans 5:5, Ephesians 5:1
- God knows what is going on in my life. Matthew 6:31-32; Psalm 139:1-10
- God can do something about it. Genesis 18:14; Luke 1:37; Mark 10:27
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do. Psalm 119:68; Proverbs 3:5

*Repeat the 4 truths to yourself right now regarding your fear.*
STEP 5. PRAY: PRAYER IS SIMPLY TALKING TO GOD ABOUT ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING.

- Thank the Lord for His presence and His goodness. *1 Thessalonians 5:18*

- Ask Him for the courage and peace to ride out the storm. Where the Bible is clear, you can claim God’s promises by faith. *John 14:27; 16:33*

- Anytime, you can ask for deliverance and protection—but you cannot hold God to promises He hasn’t made. He hasn’t promised immunity from natural calamities, illness, and troubles.

STEP 6. LIVE LIFE SECURELY IN HIM: WHAT ACTIONS CAN YOU TAKE?

*What common sense precautions can you take? How can you be wiser in your world regarding what is making you afraid?*

*Trust God to show you what to do and give you strength when you are weak. What will you ask Him for now?*

See the end of this study guide for a copy of this “Applying Faith to Fear” process you can cut out and keep with you in your Bible.
Sarah — A Woman Like Us

Time Period: The Patriarchs ~2100-1800 B.C.

“Let your beauty not be external – the braiding of hair and wearing of gold jewelry or fine clothes – but the inner person of the heart, the lasting beauty of a gentle and tranquil spirit, which is precious in God’s sight. For in the same way the holy women who hoped in God long ago adorned themselves by being subject to their husbands, like Sarah who obeyed Abraham, calling him lord. You become her children when you do what is good and have no fear in doing so.” 1 Peter 3:3-6

Historical Perspective

The term patriarch denotes the father or male leader of a family or tribe. In the Bible, “patriarchs” usually refers to the three main characters in Genesis 12-50—Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Great civilizations dotted the Ancient Near East. Ur was a thriving city with efficient government and impressive buildings. Under God’s direction, Abraham abandoned Ur, with its culture and conveniences, for the land of Canaan (today’s Israel). Patriarchal life was semi-nomadic as they wandered from place to place, searching for grazing land and water for their animals. They measured their wealth in livestock and movable goods such as silver, gold, and tents.

Archeology has given rich insights into patriarchal times. In the early 1900’s, Sir Leonard Woolley excavated Ur. He discovered the glory of the city, but he also recognized the sin. Idol worship characterized the city. It is little wonder that God called Abraham away.

The patriarchal era is important to us. Through Abraham and his descendants, God began to develop a people of His own. The Abrahamic Covenant (God’s unconditional pledge to Abraham) contains many precious promises: Abraham would have numerous offspring; his descendants would possess the land of Canaan, and the Messiah would come forth one day from his line. These promises passed on to Isaac and Jacob. Jacob’s sons formed the nucleus of the twelve tribes of Israel. Through one son’s kindness (Joseph), the infant “Israel” (70+ people) entered Egypt and grew into a great nation.

Day One Study

When we are introduced to this power couple in the history of Israel, their names are Abram and Sarai. For consistency’s sake, we’ll use the more common names “Abraham” and “Sarah” (names later given to them by God) throughout this lesson.

Moving from home (at 65 years old)...

2. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** Research the city of Ur to find out what Sarah willingly left.

3. Barrenness for a woman in Sarah’s time was very painful, not unlike for a woman in our time. Sons, in particular, were needed to carry on the family name and livelihood. How do you think Sarah’s barrenness would have affected her feelings of security (particularly with Abraham) and significance (her status in society)?

4. Read Genesis 12:10-13:2. Why do you think Sarah went along with Abraham’s “Tell them you’re my sister” plan?

**Historical Insight:** Curious about Abraham’s “Tell them you’re my sister” plan? One historian said that if a married man of Abraham’s day found himself in enemy territory, he could be killed for his wife. But, if Abraham were known as her brother, someone wanting her would have to make marriage arrangements with Abram because in that society, a woman’s brother gave his sister in marriage. So Abraham would have been the negotiator thus giving him the chance to act in his own interest.

5. Consider how frightened Sarah might have been as she went along with Abraham’s plan and was then taken into Pharaoh’s harem. God honored Sarah for not giving way to that fear (1 Peter 3:5-6). When Abraham failed to protect Sarah in this incident, what did God do for her?

6. **Your Life’s Journey:**
   - Abraham had not given over the safety of his own life to the Lord yet because his faith did not extend to this area. What area of your life have you not fully given over to the Lord, and how does this affect those around you?

   - Sarah was ~65 when she left Haran, moving to who-knows-where, cooperating with God’s plan for Abraham even when it was tough for her. How are you at encouraging your husband or your closest friend to follow God’s leading?
Day Two Study

10 years later (Sarah is now ~75)...

   - What was Abraham’s “Plan B” to provide an heir?
   - What was still God’s plan?
   - How many times had He told Abraham this already?

   **Historical Insight:** In ancient times, a man who had no son could adopt a favored servant as heir to his possessions. Or, a man who had no son could take a second wife to produce an heir. Some marriage contracts even spelled out this provision. A wife was obligated to have children. If she could not, she was *encouraged* to find her husband another wife who could.

8. Read Genesis 16. This is Sarah’s “Plan B” to fix Abraham’s need for an heir. Discuss her idea and the emotions she might have experienced. Notice that Abraham had not already sought a second wife.

9. Sarah’s “Plan B” becomes a nightmare! Our example was no perfect woman. She was just like we are. How did Sarah react?

10. What was threatened in Sarah’s life, and what confirmation did she need from her husband?

   **Scriptural Insight:** Sin now drives a wedge between Hagar and Sarah. Hostility and mutual recrimination loom large, resulting in Hagar’s fleeing her mistress’s home precipitously, and pregnant at that. But in fleeing Sarah, several things happen to Hagar. She is the first person in the Bible to whom “the angel of the Lord” appears (16:11a). She is the first woman in the Bible to whom God directly makes a promise (16:11b-12). She is the only person in the Old Testament to give God a new name (16:13). And lastly, her meeting with the angel “is the only encounter between God and a woman that results in a commemorative place name (16:14)” (Adapted from *Handbook on the Pentateuch*, page 91)
13 years later (Sarah is now ~89)...

11. Read Genesis 17:1-6, 15-22. God once again told Abraham His plan to provide descendants for Abraham and a faithful people for Himself.
   • How did Abraham respond this time?
   • What additional information is given in Romans 4:18-21?

12. Read Genesis 18:1-15. When the visitors came by Abraham’s tent, what did the Lord give Sarah for the first time?

13. What was Sarah’s initial response? Why? [NOTE: The Hebrew word translated “pleasure” in verse 12 is eden, which is synonymous with sensual pleasure.]

14. Read Genesis 20. This happened shortly after the “tent” visit. Abraham nearly jeopardized the whole situation by again placing Sarah in another man’s harem. He fails in the same area of faith in which he failed 25 years earlier (see Day One Study). At 89 years of age, she was taken into a harem of the reigning king. (This gives further information regarding Sarah’s beauty. God must have turned on her hormones again in a big way—super estrogen!!) There is no record that Sarah tried to protect herself this time or argue with Abraham. What does this tell you about her trust in both her husband and her God?

15. Your Life’s Journey: Sarah loved Abraham for many years. She followed him in some very tough situations. Their life was definitely not static or boring. Just like ours.
   • If are married, in what areas have you learned greater trust of your husband?

   • If you are single, in what areas have you learned greater trust of a family member or close friend?
Day Three Study

16. Read Genesis 21:1-7. Describe Sarah’s experience and the story she had to tell (vs. 6).

**Think About It:** Someone once said, “God’s plan is completely different from what you could ever imagine and much more glorious than you would ever expect.” Have you noticed this in your life? Is anything *really* too hard for the Lord?

17. The name Isaac means “he laughs.” In what ways is Isaac an appropriate name for this baby?

18. Through this whole experience, how do we know that God loved Sarah as much as Abraham?

3 years later *(Sarah is now ~92)* …


20. Contrast the response of Sarah with that of Abraham to the situation.

21. Discuss God’s response to the situation.

22. Abraham needed Sarah’s insight and advice in order to fulfill God’s promise. Sometimes our husbands or closest friends need our advice. How should we pray concerning giving advice to them?
23. Read Genesis 23:1-4, 16-20 and Genesis 25:1. Sarah lived to be 127 years old. What do you learn of Abraham’s regard for her until death parted them?

24. Read Hebrews 11:11-13. What testimony does the scripture give about Abraham and Sarah?

25. From our study, write down at least 7 descriptive characteristics of Sarah, positive or negative, that will help you to remember her.

Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Sarah. He knew what was going on in her life. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not give Sarah a child early in her marriage nor did He prevent her from making a bad decision or spending time in a king’s harem. During her walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, she chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded her faith with an outpouring of His blessing in other ways. Likewise, God may not choose to rescue you from poor decisions made by you or someone close to you. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths...

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

26. List all the situations in Sarah’s life that could have “terrified” her.
27. Considering those “opportunities” for being terrified, in which ones did Sarah, by faith, do what was right and not give way to fear?

28. **Tell Your Story:** Sarah is commended by God for trusting in Him and not giving way to fear. In what areas of your life have you learned greater trust of your God? Describe one area more fully in the space below.

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Read “God Is Bigger than Your Weaknesses” on the next page for additional insight to apply this lesson to your life.
God Is Bigger than Your Weaknesses

By Melanie Newton

What happens when something goes wrong in your life? You know, not the way you planned or imagined. Do you feel dazed, embarrassed, or angry?

You may look at your life and only see weakness. You feel helpless as a victim of circumstances. You dwell on your mistakes. You focus on your inadequacy, not being enough of...whatever. And, sadly, other people like to point out all those weaknesses in your life, too, making you feel even worse about them. Have you experienced that?

Our God calls us to live by faith. Faith involves trust in a God who loves us, who cares, who can guide us, but who has not promised to remove all the obstacles in our paths. And, guess what? He knows all about our weaknesses.

We are told in the Bible that Jesus is able to empathize with our weaknesses because He has been tempted in every way, just as we are. We can approach His throne of grace with confidence to receive mercy and help in our time of need.

“For we do not have a high priest who is unable to empathize with our weaknesses, but we have one who has been tempted in every way, just as we are—yet he did not sin. Let us then approach God’s throne of grace with confidence, so that we may receive mercy and find grace to help us in our time of need.” (Hebrews 4:15-16)

Paul wrote that the Spirit of God helps us in our weakness in accordance with God’s will for our lives. And in all things God works for the good of those who love him, according to His purpose for us.

“... the Spirit [of God] helps us in our weakness...in accordance with God’s will.

And... in all things God works for the good of those who love him, who have been called according to his purpose.” (Romans 8:26, 28 NIV)

Our God has bigger purposes for our weaknesses than what we can see or know each step of the way. He knows what causes us fear. It doesn’t matter if our fear is driven by circumstances we cannot fix. Or, if our fear comes from making mistakes. Or, if our fear is caused by feelings of inadequacy. Our God is bigger than our weaknesses. He asks us to trust Him and His purpose when we don’t understand.

1: God is bigger than your circumstances

Circumstances are those conditions affecting our lives that are beyond our control or our ability to “fix.”

Think of Sarah’s circumstances. Her barrenness was out of her control. She didn’t do anything wrong. And, in her specific case, God had a bigger plan for her that depended on the right timing, which she knew nothing about. Sarah endured long periods of drought, which brought on the famine, which caused Abraham to go to Egypt to find grazing land for his herds, where she ended up in Pharaoh’s harem. That famine wasn’t her fault. She didn’t do anything wrong. Yet, she suffered.
You may be facing your own version of desperate circumstances—health problems, lack of income, bad relationships, or problems someone else caused. Having to face those circumstances leaves you with choices. You can become whiny and bitter. Or, you can depend upon God to get you through them. It is even likely that you would learn to see and appreciate God's gifts to you in a greater way. God is bigger than your circumstances. If He wasn’t, He wouldn’t be God.

2: God is bigger than your mistakes

I'm always making mistakes and second-guessing myself. Do you do that?

I think of mistakes as being of two kinds = 1) Willfully going against clear Biblical guidance about what is right and wrong. When we go against clear Biblical guidance about what is right and wrong, we usually figure out pretty quickly that it's a mistake. Right?

2) Attempting to “fix a problem” without clear Biblical guidance. When it doesn’t turn out as expected, I have a tendency to regret that decision as a “mistake.”

Looking at Sarah’s life, she made one gigantic mistake in her life that’s recorded for everyone to know and point fingers at her. She took something acceptable from her culture and tried to use it to obtain the promise of God. That mistake had huge, painful consequences. But God’s purpose wasn’t thwarted because of her mistake. She experienced God’s graciousness to her and gave birth to Isaac. I bet everyone within earshot of Sarah for the rest of her life heard this marvelous story of God’s faithfulness to her.

But, what about those things not clearly defined as right and wrong in the Bible—where you live, where you work, where to invest money? God has given us a mind to use for making decisions in those areas of life. So, we should pray, ask for guidance from the Holy Spirit, get advice from other believers, check to see if it’s legal, then make the decision and act on it.

Life is daily. When we read the scriptures, we don’t see God telling the people what to do every minute of every day. Living by faith includes the whole process of trusting God while making a decision and trusting God with the results of it. It’s all about faith. Not about being perfect. God is bigger than your mistakes. If He wasn’t, He wouldn’t be God.

3: God is bigger than your inadequacies

To be “inadequate” means failing to reach an expected or required standard, to be insufficient and lacking

Some of us wallow in our inadequacies. God knows all about those things in which we feel insufficient. Just not enough. Sometimes, He leaves us to ourselves so we will recognize how insufficient we are without Him. Then, we will desire Him more. Have you noticed this in your life? I have.

Sarah was inadequate in her barrenness. And, I think she had lost hope. Have you ever lost hope? The angel of the Lord appeared and personally gave her the good news she would soon be a mother. Sarah laughed, was confronted by the angel, became afraid and lied about her laughter. But, God didn’t zap her. Instead, He rejuvenated her body and filled it with the long-promised son.

Thankfully, God has compassion on our inadequacies. What do you feel is insufficient in your life? I’m not talking about material things right now, but where do you feel you lack as a person? Your character, your abilities. I already know I make mistakes all the time. So sometimes I feel inadequate to make decisions. God is bigger than our inadequacies. If He wasn’t, He wouldn’t be God.
Press on Beyond Any Weakness

So, instead of responding to desperate circumstances with hysteria, or replaying mistakes over and over in our minds or wallowing in our inadequacies, the question to ask now is this. “What are you going to do today to move forward, to press on beyond your weakness?” Beyond circumstances you’re in. Beyond mistakes you’ve made. Beyond any feelings of inadequacy that you have.

The apostle Paul knew he had dragged Christians to prison to be beaten and killed. But, he also knew God was bigger than his past, so he writes in Philippians,

“...But one thing I do: Forgetting what is behind and straining toward what is ahead, I press on...” (Philippians 3:12-13)

How will you trust God now to show you how to press on beyond any weakness toward a new future? And, as you press on, you can count on these 4 truths that are not nullified by any of your weaknesses.

#1 God loves me

#2 God knows what is going on in my life

#3 God can do something about it

#4 I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do

We have a big God. He can take whatever is looking ugly in our lives and make it something praiseworthy. Maybe all that you’ve been through in life—desperate circumstances, blaring mistakes, and obvious inadequacies—have led to this moment when God has brought you to get this message and trust in Him. God is bigger than your weaknesses. He could be showing you that today.
Lesson Three

Jochebed & Miriam — Influential Women

Time: The Exodus ~1450 B.C.

“For by the grace given to me I say to every one of you not to think more highly of yourself than you ought to think, but to think with sober discernment, as God has distributed to each of you a measure of faith. For just as in one body we have many members, and not all the members serve the same function, so we who are many are one body in Christ, and individually we are members who belong to one another.” Romans 12:3-5

Historical Perspective

For 430 years, Israelites lived in Egypt, at first in comfort because the “vice president” of the country was their relative Joseph. But after Joseph died, there arose a Pharaoh who did not know Joseph, and Israel’s welcome grew cold. Fearing Israel’s might, Egypt sought to cripple the growing nation. But Egypt’s efforts were in vain; God was with His people, and He was preparing to bring Israel out of the land.

Conservative scholars date the “Exodus,” a landmark in Israel’s history, at 1446 B.C. Born shortly after the decree to throw Hebrew newborn boys in the Nile, Moses escaped death through adoption by pharaoh’s daughter. About 1486, the reigning Pharaoh tried to kill Moses when he sought identity with his people Israel, but Moses escaped to Midian. Forty years later, the Lord appeared to Moses in a burning bush, and Moses returned to Egypt to stand before the Pharaoh of the exodus with his brother Aaron at his side.

Through Moses, God poured out His wrath upon Pharaoh and brought Egypt to her knees. Israel marched forth a free people, living proof of God’s gracious salvation. Yet freedom did not guarantee success. Israel lacked organization. At Mount Sinai, God molded His people into a nation. The Mosaic Covenant governed every part of Israel’s society: the civil, the ceremonial, and the moral. The covenant contained special promises, but it demanded obedience. Rebellion would bring severe judgment. Israel chose to rebel against her God. Sin brought judgment, and an entire generation died. Yet, God heard the prayers of Moses and preserved His people through the wilderness.

Day One Study

Miriam’s childhood and her mentors...

1. Read Exodus 1:1-2:10; Hebrews 11:23. Over several generations, God used brave women to thwart evil plans to eliminate His people. List the women mentioned in the Exodus passage who exhibited courage. These were Miriam’s “mentors.”
2. From Exodus 6:20 and Numbers 26:59, we get additional information about Miriam’s family. Her parents are named Amram and Jochebed. The children are Miriam, Aaron, and Moses. Read Hebrews 11:24-28. What influence, if any, did the few years spent with his parents have on Moses?

3. Back to Exodus 2:1-10, how would you describe Miriam’s mom Jochebed to someone? In other words, what character qualities do you “see” in her?

4. What choices did Miriam’s parents (Jochebed and Amram) make because of their faith, and how did God reward that faith?

5. Miriam had the same home and parents as Moses. From the Exodus 2:1-10 passage (she’s the sister mentioned), use adjectives to describe Miriam who was 7-12 years of age at this time.

   **From the Hebrew:** Miriam’s name in Hebrew means “bitterness.” The Greek version of her name is Mary. In Israel’s history after this time, Mary, Mara, and Miriam were popular girl’s names.

6. As a young girl, then, what fearful situations did Miriam face, and how did she respond?

7. **Your Life’s Journey:** Moses, Aaron and Miriam came from a home where parents were walking by faith in their God. In what kind of home did you grow up? How has this affected your ability to courageously trust God and not give way to fear?
Day Two Study

80 years later...

8. Read Exodus 14:1-31. Miriam is now in her upper mid-life, ~87-92 years old. What did she experience of God’s faithfulness along with the rest of Israel?

Scriptural Insight: According to tradition, Miriam was married to Hur, an honorable man who along with Aaron, held up Moses’ arms during a major battle in Exodus 17:10-13. He was appointed magistrate while Moses was on the mountain (Ex. 24:14).

9. Read Exodus 15:1-21. What was Miriam’s response to God’s faithfulness?

10. Read Micah 6:3-4. What does God say about Miriam’s role for Israel? In what ways is she pleasing God and fulfilling His purpose for her?

11. Why do you think Miriam’s support would have been important to Moses?

12. Looking more closely at Exodus 15:20. What is Miriam called? Read Numbers 12:2. What does Miriam say about herself?

13. A prophetess was a female prophet—one to whom and through whom God speaks, revealing Himself and His will especially in the absence of the written word of God. God used a number of women to speak forth (prophesy) His Word at critical times in history. One was Deborah whom we’ll be studying in an upcoming lesson. Another such woman was Huldah. Read 2 Kings 22:1-20. This occurred about 700 years after Miriam’s time. What was going on, and how did Huldah serve God and the leader of Israel?

- What activities were associated with prophesying?

- In what ways does Exodus 15:20-21 fit this description of prophesying?

**Scriptural Insight:** The song in Exodus 15 is the first recorded song in the Bible—a song of redemption. Such celebration was common after victory in battle. Since the day of Pentecost, the Holy Spirit residing in believers continues to inspire enthusiastic praising of God. We don't call it prophesying any longer, but it still fits the biblical definition. The Holy Spirit inspires and gifts believers today to compose songs, poems, prayers and testimonies that glorify God.

15. **Your Life’s Journey:** The Holy Spirit still inspires us to break out in enthusiastic praise to God through various means. Have you written a song, a poem, prose, created a work of art, or simply sang praise songs to Him? What led to this expression in your life? You might want to respond to His faithfulness today with a “creative praise” expression in the space below. If you are in a small group, please consider sharing your “creative praise” with your group.
Day Three Study

About 2 years later...

16. Read Numbers 12:1-16. Why did Miriam and Aaron begin to talk against Moses?

17. What do you think was the real reason for their complaining?

Think About It: One of the torments of envy is that it can never turn away its eyes from the thing that pains it. Envy blocks our trust in God, hurts our relationships, makes us resent God’s goodness to others, and blinds us to God’s goodness to us.

18. Discuss the Lord’s response to their behavior (vs. 2-10).

19. What is implied by the fact that the Lord punished only Miriam? See also James 3:5-6.

Scriptural Insight: Spitting in one’s face expressed contempt (Deut. 25:9). The Lord expressed His contempt for Miriam’s presumption by the skin affliction.

20. Why was a skin disease such as leprosy so awful? See Numbers 5:1-4.

Think About It: Miriam bucked her authority, claiming equal prominence with Moses. Because of her attitude and resulting action, God disciplined her through banishment, opposite of what she really wanted!

21. How did Miriam’s brothers respond to the discipline of their sister?
22. Read Deuteronomy 24:8-9. What do you think was the effect of Miriam’s banishment from the camp for 7 days…

- on her?

- on the people?

**Historical Insight:** Sometimes Miriam was a good example; sometimes a bad example. Just like we are, she was not perfect every day. Yet, she had been given a sphere of influence by God. She lived through 38 years of wandering and died just before Aaron in the 40th year out of Egypt at ~130 years old (Numbers 20:1).


24. **Your Life’s Journey:**

- There are serious consequences of our attitudes towards authority. Though all of us are not leaders, all of us are under some kind of authority in the Church. Is there someone in leadership now of whom you are jealous, resentful, or disapproving? Do you try to undermine their leadership by gossip or slander? Read Proverbs 10:19. Discuss how to apply this scripture to your life.

- Read Mark 10:42-45, Galatians 5:26, Philippians 2:3-4, Romans 12:3-5, and 1 Peter 5:1-5. These verses, teaching how we should all relate to each other in God’s family, apply as well to leaders. What attitudes should we have if we are in leadership positions in the Body of Christ?
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Miriam’s family. He knew what was going on in their lives. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not give Jochebed her son back permanently to raise nor did He prevent them from having to go through the agony of hiding baby Moses. Miriam was given great responsibility and privilege, yet she also had to live with the consequences of her sin. During her walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, Miriam and her family chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded their faith with an outpouring of His blessing in other ways. Likewise, God may not choose to rescue you from your “Egypt.” But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

25. What situations could have caused fear for Jochebed? How did she respond to God by faith?

26. Thinking back through Miriam’s life, what situations did she face that could have terrified her? How did she respond to God by faith in those situations?

27. **Tell Your Story:** Jesus had a testimony to share. He said in John 8:14, “Even if I testify on my own behalf, my testimony is valid, for I know where I came from and where I am going. But you have no idea where I come from or where I am going.” What He said about Himself was His STORY. Miriam testified about God’s faithfulness through her use of poetry, song, and dance. Even if you’ve never testified like Miriam did, your STORY of God’s faithfulness in your life is your testimony about Him. Write a short paragraph telling of an area in your life where you have recognized God’s faithfulness to you. This is a part of your STORY of God’s faithfulness.
Rahab — A Past And A Future

Time: Into the Land ~1400 B.C.

“By faith Rahab the prostitute escaped the destruction of the disobedient, because she welcomed the spies in peace.” HEBREWS 11:31

Historical Perspective

After 40 years of struggle, Israel stood poised to enter the Promised Land. But she would enter without Moses for he was dead. Much work remained. This beautiful new land was dangerous. Numerous city-states dotted the landscape, each a well-fortified, walled fortress with a battle-tested army. Conquest would be a difficult, time-consuming task.

But, God remained faithful to His people. He equipped a new leader, Joshua, who had been trained under Moses’ leadership for 40 years for this job. Joshua knew that the 2.5 million Israelites plus their flocks and herds needed to cross a flooded river and begin their conquest of the land. So, he sent 2 spies to secretly scout the area of imminent war, particularly Jericho—the strategic point to reach the three passes through the wilderness to the rest of Canaan. God took care of the river crossing for the Israelites, miraculously providing dry ground for them to move through and onto Jericho—a walled city on ~9.5 acres—once around would have taken ~1/2 hour!!

Day One Study

1. Read Deuteronomy 4:32-40. Why did God bring the Israelites out of Egypt and into the Promised Land, especially accompanied by so many miraculous events?

Getting to know Rahab...

2. Read Exodus 15:15-16 and Deuteronomy 2:24-25. What was God’s plan?

   - What did Rahab, the people of Jericho, and the surrounding nations know about Israel and her history?
   - As a result, what was the state of morale in Jericho?
Historical Insight: The citizens of Jericho were well prepared for a siege since a spring lay inside the city walls and the harvest had just been gathered (Joshua 3:15), providing an abundant supply of food, seen in the large jars of grain found in the houses. So, the inhabitants of Jericho could have held out for perhaps several years. The full grain jars show that the siege was short since the people inside the walls consumed very little of the grain, another historical verification of biblical accuracy.

4. Use adjectives to describe Rahab in your own words.

5. What conclusion did Rahab make about the God of Israel? Could anyone else in Jericho have come to the same conclusion? Explain.

6. Deeper Discoveries (optional): Research the ancient city of Jericho. What was it like for Rahab to live there?

7. Rahab was given an opportunity to make a conscious choice for God based upon the facts she knew about Him, and she responded with FAITH! Faith resulted in action.
   - What did she do that day?
   - What risk was she taking?

8. Compare Rahab’s choice to disobey & lie to her king with Sarah’s choice to agree to Abraham’s “Tell them you’re my sister” plan. See also Miriam’s mentors in Exodus 1:15-20.

Think About It: Rahab didn’t know this new God well enough to know He could be trusted to protect His own people. This is something she would learn firsthand in just a couple of weeks.
Day Two Study

   - What part of the oath was Rahab’s responsibility?
   - What part of the oath was the responsibility of the spies?

   **Historical Insight:** The early church viewed the blood-colored cord as a symbol of Christ’s atonement like the blood of the Passover lamb.

After the spies’ return, God parted the Jordan River for the people to cross. All of those men who had been born in the wilderness were circumcised. The Passover was celebrated. And, the people ate produce from the land. The manna stopped the next day.

10. Read Joshua 6:1-25. What was God’s plan for defeating Jericho?

11. How did Joshua and the people respond?

12. Rahab had to wait those seven days also. Based on her responsibility in the oath, who else was waiting with her?

13. What might have been Rahab’s emotions during this time of waiting? (See also Joshua 5:1 for the emotions of those around her.)

14. Someone once said, “Responsibility is my response to His (God’s) ability.” Rahab responded to God’s ability. What did God do for her and her family? Be specific.
**Historical Insight:** Surrounding Jericho was a tall embankment with a stone retaining wall at its base 12–15 feet high. Above that stood a mud brick wall 6 feet thick, 20 feet high. At the crest of the embankment was a similar 20-foot high mud brick wall reaching to ~46 feet above the ground level below. Humanly speaking, the fortress of Jericho was impregnable. Archeological evidence reveals that the mud brick city wall collapsed as the city met its end (~1400 B.C.) except for a short stretch of the north city wall that did not fall as everywhere else. There were houses built against the wall as in Joshua 2:15. Excavations showed that the bricks from the collapsed walls formed a ramp against the retaining wall so that the Israelites could climb up over the top as is described in Joshua 6:20. The city was thoroughly burned. (Taken from “The Walls of Jericho” by Bryant Wood, *Creation* magazine, March 1999, pages 36-40)

15. **Your Life’s Journey:** Rahab had to wait patiently for God to act. Remember that she did not know the “marching” orders. We also must wait for God’s “always perfect” timing in answer to our prayers. Is this a problem for you? If you have become discouraged (or been discouraged in the past) from having to wait, write about it here.

Read the words to the song below. Consider that God is in the waiting, too, and that waiting binds you together with Him? How does this change your perspective of waiting?

“You are in the waiting in that moment of my life, when my faith and hope collide. My heart’s anticipating just how and when You’ll move. Oh, that’s when You prove You are in the waiting too” ("In the Waiting" by Shannon Wexelberg)

**Scriptural Insight:** The Hebrew word most commonly translated as wait (upon the Lord) is qavah, which means to hope and expect. It also means to bind together as in tying together loose ends. Waiting is rarely pleasant to us, but we make ourselves do it daily in various situations (doctor’s offices, traffic, checkout lanes). Our focus is usually not on the waiting itself, but on the end result of the waiting. When it comes to waiting on the Lord, the Bible communicates a clear message: we are to do it, and it’s good for us. Psalm 27:14 tells us waiting on the Lord will “strengthen your heart” (NKJV). Waiting on God brings us strength in all areas in our lives. It teaches us about Him, and His timing. During those times of waiting, our ear is more attuned to the work of God. Micah 7:7 says, “I will watch expectantly for the Lord.” We also make ourselves available to talk with Him in prayer. When we seek God for a solution in our lives, these times of waiting strengthen our relationship with Him as we learn to rely on His timing and trust in His goodness. It binds us together with Him. (Taken from “Entwined in Him” by Lisa Jenkins-Moore, *Living Magazine*, November 2016, pp. 16-17)
Day Three Study

16. Read Matthew 1:5, Hebrews 11:30-31, and James 2:25. This is Rahab’s report card. What does it say?

17. In Hebrews 11:31, the word used to describe the rest of the people of Jericho is “disobedient,” which means, “to refuse to be persuaded.” See your answers to the questions in Day One Study. Did God give them an opportunity to be “persuaded”? Explain.

18. Since Rahab was likely a prostitute just as it is written, what does the mention of Rahab three times in the New Testament reveal about God’s grace to her? In other words, how did God forgive her past and give her a new future?

Scriptural Insight: For centuries, Christians have tried to soften Rahab’s reputation by arguing that she was only an innkeeper, but the New Testament references to her indicate that she was an immoral woman. The Greek word used to describe Rahab is *porne* the word from which we get “pornography.” “Porne” is only used for immorality. This in no way mars the righteousness of God who used such a person in the fulfillment of His purposes. Instead this incident serves to bring His mercy and grace into bold relief. (The Bible Knowledge Commentary, Old Testament, p. 330)

19. *Your Life’s Journey:* Do you feel that some sins in your past or present are so terrible that they can’t be forgiven or that you are unworthy to serve God? What have you learned from Rahab’s story that confirms to you God can forgive your past and give you a new future?
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Rahab. He knew what was going on in her life. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not keep Rahab from losing the security of her home nor did He prevent her from having to go through the agony of watching the Israelites march around the city for 7 days. Remember, she didn’t know that plan. When she stepped out in faith, He met her there. She trusted Him to rescue her, and He did. God judged her by her heart—the inward woman, not by her lifestyle—the outward appearance. He not only saved her life, but He forgave her past and gave her a new future. She chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. Likewise, God forgives your past and gives you a new future. And, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths...

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

20. Consider all the opportunities for fear in Rahab’s life. How did she demonstrate faith at those times?

21. **Tell Your Story:** We will probably never be faced with the dramatic circumstances of Rahab, but we do have our own distressing situations in life. What distressing situations are you facing now, and what choices are available to you? Read Psalm 40:1-3 and 46:1-3 to give you strength. Journal about how you will trust God. This is part of your story.

Read “God Is Good in the Waiting” on the next page for additional insight to apply this lesson to your life.
God Is Good in the Waiting

By Melanie Newton

The state of morale in Jericho was going according to God’s plan. Their hearts “melted in fear.” That doesn’t sound like fun. But, Rahab didn’t melt in fear. She made a conscious choice for God based upon the few facts she knew about Him. Then, by faith, she had to wait and depend on her new God to rescue her. To act on her behalf. To be good to her.

Waiting. During each one of those seven marching days plus a few days before that. Not knowing God’s plan. And, she had a houseful of people with her. So, she was feeding them, keeping them focused on possible rescue rather than destruction. That reminds me of the time hurricanes hit south Louisiana where I grew up. My grandmother, aunts, uncles, and cousins would come to stay at our house for safety. The high winds would knock out the electricity. We never knew how long it would be out. We had to wait. Yet, while waiting, my mom had to somehow fix meals to feed all those people until they could return home. That was not easy.

Most of us don’t like to wait for God to work. And, we certainly don’t like what appears to be a “No” answer to our prayer! Be honest here. We say to each other, “God is good all the time,” but do we really believe He is good when we get that “No” or “Not yet” answer? The fact that God is good all the time is a key truth and something we can trust.

God is good all the time

The Bible reveals that everything about God is good—He is good in Himself, and what He does is good. That means God allows nothing to happen to His children—to those who love Him—that is not for their good. God is good all the time, and He is at work in our lives for good. Psalm 119:68; Romans 8:28

But, you might ask, what about the tough things that happen to us? Someone gets very sick, loses a job, or is in a desperate situation. Is God being good then? What must be the answer to that question? YES! Why? Because God is good all the time.

Over the years, I’ve learned through personal Bible study and my faith walk that God’s goodness has three aspects that apply to our times of fear and pain. 1) He is good even in the tough times; 2) He is good in different ways to each of us, and 3) He is good in what He allows or doesn’t allow into our lives. Let’s look at each of those.

1) God is good even in the tough times

God is the perfect parent and knows what will help His children grow into maturity. That sometimes includes pain. Isn’t that true regarding human parents and children? Growing up is hard just in the facing of new things while getting used to the old. Teething hurts, but babies must go through teething to get some teeth to chew real food. Same thing is true of learning to walk or ride a bike. What about adolescence? A long…painful…but necessary time of gaining independence. Coddling of children prevents their growing up.

God teaches His children through tough things He allows in our lives that help us grow up. Those tough times build bones and teeth in our faith. They help us learn to trust God. They help us learn to give up trying to do things our own way—which may not be the best way—and start doing things God’s way—which is always the best way. ANYTHING that draws us closer to God and makes us depend upon Him is good for us. God is good even in the tough times.
2) God is good in different ways to each of us

Through reading the Bible, I’ve seen that God’s goodness looks different in each person’s life. Take for example the book of Ruth. Naomi and her family were starving so they moved away from Israel to the neighboring country Moab to get bread. There they met Ruth. Ruth didn’t need bread; she needed God. Naomi shared God with Ruth. Different needs met by God’s goodness. God is good in different ways to each of us.

3) God is good in what He allows or doesn’t allow into our lives

Not everyone gets cancer, has a serious injury or chronic illness. We don’t all endure long-term unemployment, lose a child or experience the desertion of a spouse. Throughout the Bible are many verses stating how God protected someone in a dangerous situation. We don’t even know all the dangers God is protecting us from daily! We should thank Him all the time for doing that. God is good in what He allows or doesn’t allow into our lives.

Trust His Choosing

Since God is good all the time, you can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do in your life. This is the sticky part, isn’t it? I have an idea of what I think His goodness to me should look like! We are all good at praying solutions to whatever is challenging us. “Wouldn’t that be a good idea, God?”

Do you and I really believe that God has the right to choose what He brings into our lives? I know God is good. It is my choice…to trust His choice…of how to be good to me. But, we’ve got to bank on God’s goodness and trust His choosing! And, anything that makes us depend on Him more is good for us.

Depending on Him

Depending on God is trusting Him for everything just as Jesus taught us to trust. We have God’s Holy Spirit living inside us. We cannot move from fear to faith on our own. We must depend on God’s ability in us.

- Fear says, “I can’t.” Faith says, “God can through me.”
- Fear says, “I won’t.” Faith says, “God will in me.”
- Fear says, “I don’t.” Faith says, “God does for me and through me.”

We can say about anything, “Lord Jesus, I can’t do this on my own. But, you can do this in and through me. I will trust you.” And, it’s okay to be a little scared because we will rely upon Him more.

Dear friends, we have a big God. Yet, God may not choose to rescue you from everything that is threatening you. You may face what seem like insurmountable circumstances in your life. You may have to give up something that gives you security. You may be waiting for God to answer a desperate prayer. But, in any and all situations, even in the waiting, you can count on the fact that God is good all the time and embrace these 4 truths to sustain you in your faith walk.

#1 God loves me
#2 God knows what is going on in my life
#3 God can do something about it
#4 I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do
That’s how we move from fear to faith. When I do that, my God fills my heart with joy. Every time I feel gripped by fear—the pit, the pounding, the rush—I stop and review those 4 truths, make the choice to trust Him again, and again and again. I have to let Him replace my fear with joy that I am His, and He loves me. I can trust His goodness. You can, too.
Deborah & Jael — Resourceful Women

Time: The Judges ~1400-1000 B.C.

“For we are his workmanship, having been created in Christ Jesus for good works that God prepared beforehand so we may do them.” EPHESIANS 2:10

Historical Perspective

As Israel entered the Promised Land, God worked great miracles: the waters of the Jordan parted, the walls of Jericho fell, and the sun stood still over Gibeon. No task was too great for Israel’s God. At last, after more than six years of fighting, the initial conquest came to a close. Joshua sent the tribes forth to occupy their lands. As the tribes moved in, they were commanded to exterminate the inhabitants of Canaan, but they failed to complete the mission. The children of Israel had crippled the Canaanite peoples, but they had not destroyed them. The remaining Canaanites, a corrupt people, eventually turned Israel from God.

For almost four hundred years, Israel followed a monotonous cycle:

- **Sin** (mostly idolatry & immorality) — Not long after getting settled in her land, Israel adopted the religion and the lifestyle of the pagan Canaanites by worshipping idols and practicing immorality, theft, and murder. Her society fell apart. Tyranny and force became the norm; inept leaders were unable to check the excessive violence. Selfish desires for tribal glory and supremacy, as well as unwillingness to accept reproof, led to tragic civil wars.

- **Suffering** (having enemies rule over them or terrorize them) — Because of their idolatry and hard hearts, God brought severe judgment on the land, allowing the Mesopotamians, Moabites, Canaanites, Midianites, Ammonites, and Philistines to oppress and dominate His people for a time.

- **Supplication** (calling out to God, earnest prayer) — The enemies’ oppression of the people drove them back to their God and calling out to Him for help.

- **Salvation** (in this context meaning deliverance, aid, victory, or prosperity) — God would send human leaders called “Judges” to defeat the oppressing nations and bring periods of rest. These Judges—8 in all—were civil and military leaders who led the nation against its enemies. Their civil job was to urge repentance (turning back to God alone, in faith) and to give counsel. Then, the land would experience peace for 20-40 years during the lifetime of the “deliverer.” Not long after that person died, the people went back to their wicked ways, beginning the cycle again.

One such judge was Deborah, who came along ~150 years after Joshua died...

Day One Study

1. Skim Deuteronomy 28:1-25 and 29:16-18. What were God’s *general* instructions to Israel concerning life in the land?
2. Read Judges 2:6-23. In verses 10-19, the repeating pattern of the book of Judges is described here. Why did the Israelites forget God and choose to sin so readily after Joshua died?

3. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** Research to find out more about the Canaanite oppression during this time in Israel’s history. How did it affect their daily lives?

4. Read Genesis 18:19; Deuteronomy 4:5-9, 29:24-27. Discuss cause and effect in these passages.

5. How is God’s faithfulness demonstrated in the way He dealt with His people?

**Think About It:** It’s as though God was saying to them, “You don’t think you need me. Let me show you what life is like without me.”

**Day Two Study**

**Getting to know Deborah...**

6. Read Judges 4:1-16. Israel was in what part of the cycle during Deborah’s lifetime (verses 1-3)?
7. Based on what you glean from the text, describe Deborah using as many adjectives as possible.

8. From our study of Miriam, what was the role of a prophetess? (See Lesson 3.)

9. Referring to specific verses, how did Deborah act as a prophetess in this narrative?

10. Compare Deborah and Barak regarding the response of each to God’s word and the courage to carry it out.

11. God commends Barak for his faith in Hebrews 11:32-34. How did Barak demonstrate it?

12. Considering Sisera’s primary military weapons (vs. 3), why did God want the Israelites to encamp on a mountain 1300 feet high?

**Historical insight:** Palestine is covered with wadis, or dry creek beds. During a sudden, violent rainstorm, these wadis fill with rushing water, which can destroy anything in its path. God routed the enemy by throwing them into a panic like the Egyptians at the Red Sea (Ex. 14:24). A similar army-defeating rainstorm happened when Napoleon defeated the Turks in the same place (Megiddo) in AD 1799. See the description in Judges 5:4, 20-21.
13. **Your Life’s Journey**: God can use any of our skills and talents to His glory when we focus on what we have, not what we don’t have, and give it to Him. In fact, Ephesians 2:10 says that “we are God’s workmanship, created in Christ Jesus to do good works, which God prepared in advance for us to do.” And, He gives us the ability to do the works He has created us to do. How are you serving God using your gifts as Deborah served Him using hers? What, if anything, is holding you back?

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**Day Three Study**

**Getting to know Jael…**


**Historical Insight**: According to Numbers 10:29 and Judges 1:16, the Kenites were allies of Israel. Heber, Jael’s husband, left his tribe. The Kenites were metalworkers. Perhaps Heber allied himself with Sisera for business reasons ("iron chariots").

16. Considering her husband Heber’s actions, what risks did Jael take in her relationship with him?

17. How did she “do what was right and not give way to fear”? 
18. Read Judges 5:1-31 and note what is revealed about the following:

- Courage and trust in God (2-5, 9-11) —

- Fear (6-8) —

- Deborah and her role (7, 12-15) —

- Who helped and who didn’t (14-18, 23) —

- The defeat of Sisera (19-21) —

- Jael and her role (24-27) —

**Focus on the Meaning:** The Canaanites’ God Baal was their storm god of rain and fertility. His symbol was a lightning bolt. God showed who was the real storm God.

19. What does this narrative (Judges 4 and 5) tell us about God’s use of women in civil leadership in a society?

20. **Tell Your Story:** Think about how God used Deborah and Jael as they functioned in their various roles as women with the resources available to them every day. Consider how your everyday womanly skills and resources have benefitted others. Write about one specific time when God used your ordinary life skills to do something unexpected or greatly needed.
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Deborah and Jael. He knew what was going on in their lives: the burden of responsibility, the risks they faced, and their fears. He was able to do something about it. He didn’t give them easy choices to make, ones that would’ve made their lives much more comfortable. Deborah chose to use the gifts God gave her to glorify Him and to bolster Barak’s courage and reputation. Jael took great risks and confirmed her people’s allegiance to the tribe of Israel by her actions. And they both chose to trust God rather than submit to fear. God rewarded their faith with victory. You may face what seem like insurmountable circumstances in your own life. But just like Deborah and Jael, you can count on these truths...

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

21. What opportunities for fear did Deborah have? How did she respond to God in faith?

22. What could have terrified Jael? How did she respond instead?

23. **Your Life’s Journey:** A courageous attitude begins long before you are ever called upon to use it. When was the last time you showed **courage** in living for Christ—such as testifying publicly about your faith, challenging others to do right, forgetting the opinion of the crowd, expressing love and appreciation for those in authority, etc.?
Naomi & Ruth — Mothers And Daughters

Time: The Judges 1400-1000 B.C.

“When the fig tree does not bud, and there are no grapes on the vines; when the olive trees do not produce, and the fields yield no crops; when the sheep disappear from the pen, and there are no cattle in the stalls, I will rejoice because of the Lord; I will be happy because of the God who delivers me!” HABAKKUK 3:17-18

Historical Perspective
One of the ways that God disciplined Israel for her sin was by bringing famine into the land, usually through drought but also by pests such as locusts. During one of these episodes of famine, a man from Bethlehem named Elimelech took his wife Naomi and his two sons to the neighboring country of Moab. During the ten years the family lived in the land of Moab, Elimelech died leaving Naomi a widow. However, her two sons grew up and married Moabite women. Then, the sons died. Naomi was left with only her daughters-in-law.

Day One Study
Getting to know Naomi and Ruth...

1. Read Judges 21:25. This is considered the key verse of the book of Judges. What does it reveal?

   - Naomi —
   - Ruth —

3. Deeper Discoveries (optional): Research Moab and the Moabite religion to get a better feel for how Ruth was raised, what Naomi experienced living in that land, raising her own children, watching them marry Moabite women, and other details that bring this story alive to you.
4. What does Ruth’s statement in 1:16-17 especially tell you about her and what she had already learned from Naomi?

5. What relationships might she be giving up to pursue her new faith?

6. **Your Life’s Journey:** Has your faith caused a separation between you and your natural family or someone previously very close to you? Explain.

7. A good guess of ages would be that Naomi was in her 40’s and Ruth was in her teens or 20’s. As in-laws, describe their relationship and ways they could help each other.

8. **Tell Your Story:** Naomi makes an emotional statement in 1:20-21. She was experiencing grief—a normal human emotion that often causes an aching heart and extended sadness. Write about a time in your life when you grieved over something or someone lost. What was it like? How long did it last? Did you, like Naomi, feel that God “dealt very bitterly with you” (1:20)? What got you through that to the other side where you didn’t bawl every time you thought about it?
Day Two Study


10. How did Ruth take care of Naomi—actions and attitude?

11. What emotions might each have been experiencing at this time?
   - Naomi —
   - Ruth —

12. Focus on Ruth 2:11-12 as Naomi revealed her “story,” particularly in regards to Ruth. How did this “story sharing” benefit both of them, especially the outsider Ruth?

   - Unlike the cultures around them that made no societal provisions, what special provision does God make for the future care of women in Israel in this situation?
   - How should this foster compassion in the community?

15. The law of “Kinsman-Redeemer” is introduced to the Israelites in Leviticus 25:23-55. Read those verses. What was God's purpose in providing this option?

**Scriptural insight:** “This law [Kinsman-Redeemer] helped to protect the poor from being exploited and the rich from taking property from one tribe to another. The redeemer had to be a near kinsman who was able to redeem and willing to redeem. He was not obligated to do so, but it was expected of him. To refuse was to hurt the family and tribe as well as his own reputation. By being born at Bethlehem, Jesus Christ became our near kinsman. He was able to save and willing to save; He saves all who will put their trust in Him.” (W.W. Wiersbe, *With the Word*, pg. 157)

16. Read the following references. Briefly tell what is redeemed in each case. [NOTE: “avenger” and “kinsman-redeemer” are translations of the same Hebrew word *goel.*]

- Leviticus 25:25-28 —
- Leviticus 25:47-49 —
- Deut. 25:5-10 —

17. Ruth is introduced to the concept of “Kinsman-Redeemer” in Ruth 1:11-13; 2:20; and 3:9-13. From 4:1-10, what other information do we see about how this law was carried out?

18. What did Ruth learn about God’s faithfulness to her through the law of the “kinsman-redeemer”?
Day Three Study


**Scriptural Insight:** Boaz descended from Rahab (Lesson 4)—an outsider who also experienced the kindness of the Lord and His people.

21. Ruth and Naomi both characterized loyalty.
   - Use a dictionary to define “Loyalty.”
   - To whom and to what should we be loyal? Explain your answer.

22. Read Titus 2:3-5.
   - In what ways is the older woman to counsel and encourage the younger woman?
   - What mindset must the younger woman have?
   - What are the potential benefits for both?
23. Your Life’s Journey: God knows we need each other. He hasn’t left us alone. In the Body of Christ, we are all sisters. Christian women should be encouraging each other, especially in our society where women are so often uprooted and transplanted to places miles away from their families. There are some things only another woman can understand.

- **Younger women**—Is there someone in your group or life whom you would trust for advice and encouragement? Go to her and let her know of your need and willingness.

- **Older women**—Is there someone in your group or life whom you could befriend and encourage? Go to her and let her know of your need and willingness.

- **In-laws**—If you are married or one of your children is married, evaluate your own mother-in-law / daughter-in-law relationship. How can you apply this lesson to improve your relationship?

Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Ruth and Naomi. He knew what was going on in their lives. Naomi voiced her grief over the death of her husband and sons but never stopped trusting Him to do something about her situation. Ruth’s relationship with God started the same way most relationships with Him do. She came to know and value someone who knew Him well. That someone was Naomi. These women were not only God’s provision to each other but also a way for Him to make Himself known through their lives. You may face grief and seemingly overwhelming challenges in your own life. But just like Naomi and Ruth, you can count on these truths…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

24. List all the circumstances that could have terrified Naomi. Instead, how did she respond to God by faith?

25. List all the circumstances that could have terrified Ruth. Instead, how did she respond to God by faith?

I can count a million times people asking me how I can praise You with all that I've gone through. The question just amazes me. Can circumstances possibly change who I forever am in You. Maybe since my life was changed long before these rainy days. It's never really ever crossed my mind to turn my back on you, oh Lord, my only shelter from the storm. But instead I draw closer through these times. So I pray... Bring me joy, bring me peace, bring the chance to be free. Bring me anything that brings You glory. And I know there'll be days when this life brings me pain. But if that's what it takes to praise You, Jesus, bring the rain ("Bring The Rain" by MercyMe)

What decision should you make when things are tough? Do you trust God enough to make that decision? If so, give an example from your life when you have done so.
Hannah & Mrs. Manoah — Mothering Challenges

Time: The Judges ~1400-1000 B.C.

“She said, ‘Just as surely as you are alive, my lord, I am the woman who previously stood here with you in order to pray to the Lord. I prayed for this boy, and the Lord has given me the request that I asked of him. Now I dedicate him to the Lord. From this time on he is dedicated to the Lord.’ Then they worshiped the Lord there.” 1 SAMUEL 1:26-28

Historical Perspective

The faithful who lived in Israel during this time endured repeated cycles of enemy oppression followed by deliverance and a time of peace before Israel rebelled against God again. The women in this lesson lived in the last part of the time of the Judges. Mrs. Manoah’s son, Samson, was the “judge” (deliverer) during the time period when Hannah’s son, Samuel, was born so the two were contemporaries. Samuel was the last judge because during his life, Israel demanded a king. God gave them a king.

Day One Study

Getting to know Mrs. Manoah…

1. We don’t know her name, but we know of her famous son Samson. Let’s find out what his mom was like. Read Judges 13:1-24. Use words and phrases to describe Mrs. Manoah.

2. What needs did the Lord notice and prepare to meet?
   - personal —
   - national —

3. How did God communicate to Mrs. Manoah His plan?

From the Hebrew: The angel says that his name is “beyond understanding” (vs. 18). The same Hebrew phrase is translated in Isaiah 9:6 as “Wonderful,” applying to One who would come as “Mighty God.”
4. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** Do a study on the “angel of the Lord” appearing in the Old Testament. Who was this? To whom did he appear and on what occasions?

5. The name “Samson” is derived from a Hebrew word meaning sun or brightness. Notice God’s purpose for Samson. *Nazirite* is from a Hebrew word meaning “separated” or “dedicated.” Read Numbers 6:1-8. What 3 things did a Nazirite vow to do that distinguished him as being set apart to God?

6. What was Mrs. Manoah’s responsibility while pregnant? Note how this scripture supports the value of the life of an unborn child before birth.

7. What was Manoah’s response, and what does he ask the Lord?


10. Before this, Manoah and his wife thought a “man of God” or prophet had appeared to her. When they realized an angel of the Lord had appeared to them (to her twice!), what do their individual responses (verses 22-23) reveal about their faith?

- Manoah —

- Mrs. Manoah —

11. Read 13:24-14:9. From the previous verses, we discovered that Manoah and his wife were a faithful, God-honoring couple. Their son had a life purpose to follow from birth. Discuss the kind of a son Samson turned out to be and what kind of disappointment this might have brought to his parents.

**Scriptural Insight:** “This was from the Lord” (verse 4) is evidence that the Lord uses even the sinful weaknesses of men to accomplish His purposes and bring praise to His name. Other instances are in Joshua 11:20 and 1 Kings 12:15. According to Judges 16:28-30 and Hebrews 11:32-34, God in His faithfulness strengthened Samson in his weakness.

12. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** Read the rest of Samson’s story in Judges 14:9-16:31. How many Nazirite vows did Samson break? NOTE: Mrs. Manoah had several more children after Samson. There is no indication that she had to follow the same dietary restraints for them.

13. **Your Life’s Journey:** God gave Samson godly parents and special abilities to do the work that God had prepared for him to do. Yet, Samson made the choice to follow his own instincts rather than adhere to his family’s faith and humility before God.

- If you are a parent or relative of a “prodigal” son or daughter, how do you feel about it?

- If you are a parent of a young child, do you fear that he will become a prodigal because you will do something wrong as a parent?

- Although no parent is perfect, remember that everyone makes her own decision whether or not to act on the knowledge of God she has received. Faith is an act of the will. Share with someone any fears or feelings of guilt and disappointment you might have. Commit that loved one to the Lord; pray for the “prodigal” to return to his or her God.
Day Two Study

Getting to know Hannah...

14. Read Deuteronomy 28:9-11; Psalm 127:3-5. In ancient Israel, children specifically were an indication of what?

15. Read 1 Samuel 1:1-19. How would you describe Hannah if you were there watching her?

16. Discuss everything that was causing Hannah distress.

17. Discuss Elkanah’s response to his wife’s distress.

18. Your Life’s Journey: Elkanah’s response does not seem to acknowledge Hannah’s emotional needs. Does your husband or closest friend ever misunderstand your feelings? How do you react?

19. How did Hannah grow spiritually because of her barrenness? What did she learn about God?

Scriptural Insight: Vows are voluntary promises regarding personal commitment and piety. They were common in Old Testament times, were regulated by the Mosaic Law (Nu. 30), were expected to be carefully thought out (Pr. 20:25; Eccl. 5:4-6), and were expected to be fulfilled accompanied by thanksgiving offerings. Vows other than marriage vows are not generally taught or modeled in the New Testament (Paul’s vow in Acts 18:18 being a holdover from his Jewish upbringing).
20. God uses prayer to get us into partnership with Him, and then we recognize His blessing. Hannah had a fallible High Priest (Eli) interceding for her. We have far more available to us as believers. Read the following verses and discuss who is helping us as we pray and how.

- Hebrews 4:14-16 —

- Hebrews 7:24-25 —

- Romans 8:26-27; 31-34 —

How does knowing this make you feel?

**Scriptural Insight:** God remembered Hannah (1 Samuel 1:19). To “remember” in the Bible is not merely to recall to mind. It is to express concern for someone, to act with loving care on their behalf.

21. **Your Life’s Journey:** Hannah had to endure her barrenness for some time because Peninah had at least 4 children. Sarah endured hers for at least 30 years! Do you consider yourself barren? Like Hannah, is it making you very sad? What should you do about your feelings/attitude? Is there some opportunity available today where you can use your time to minister to someone else with your built-in mothering instincts? Ask someone to pray with you about this.

22. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** A number of women are identified in Scripture without any reference to children at all. Try to find several and consider how they spent their time. Example: Priscilla, in Acts 18, discipled new believers, entertained guests, and taught the Scriptures.
Day Three Study

23. Read 1 Samuel 1:20-2:11. God gave Hannah a son. What did she do then?

24. Hannah’s prayer is her psalm of praise and thanksgiving. What emotions does she express, and what truths does she affirm about her God?

- Emotions —

- Truths —

**From the Hebrew**: Hannah’s prayer song is prophetic, anticipating the establishment of kingship in Israel. Her son Samuel crowns the first king, Saul, as well as the second king, David. It also contains the first reference in the Bible to the Lord’s anointed (1 Samuel 2:10). “Anointed” is the Hebrew word *mashiach* from which “Messiah” is derived. The Greek translation of this Hebrew term is *Christos*, from which comes the English word “Christ.”

25. Read 1 Samuel 2:12-26. How did God continue to answer Hannah’s prayer (1:10-11) even after she completed her vow?

26. In what kind of “home” did Hannah leave her boy?

27. Why didn’t that terrify her? Refer back to 1:22-28. Whom could she trust? Why?
28. How did Hannah continue to mother her boy (2:19)?

29. Read 1 Samuel 3:1-4:1. Hannah’s trust in the Lord was rewarded through His faithfulness to her son. List all the verses in 2:11-4:1 that reveal God’s faithfulness to Samuel as he grew up as well as Samuel’s response. Discuss how much God was involved in raising this boy.

**Scriptural Insight:** Samuel grew up to be the most respected Judge that Israel had.

30. **Your Life’s Journey:** Are you in a situation where you have to be a mother from a distance? How does it make you feel? Have you talked to the Lord about it? Are you able to trust Him with that child? In what ways have you creatively cared for that child?

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**Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith**

God loved both Hannah and Mrs. Manoah. He knew what was going on in their lives. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not give Mrs. Manoah a peaceful land without invading enemies or a perfectly obedient son who sought to use his gifts for God’s glory. Nor did God tell Hannah not to fulfill her vow and leave her son with Eli at the Tabernacle. Both endured years of barrenness before having children. Both were separated in some way from their firstborn sons. During their walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, Hannah and Mrs. Manoah chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded their faith with an outpouring of His blessing in other ways. Likewise, God may not choose to answer your prayers quickly. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths...

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!
31. Considering the little we know about Mrs. Manoah, how did she demonstrate her faith?

32. List everything that could have terrified Hannah. How did she respond to God by faith instead?

33. **TELL YOUR STORY:** Read Psalm 107:1-43. Notice the different kinds of people who call out to God and how He responds to them. Verse 43 says, "Whoever is wise, let him take note of these things! Let them consider the Lord's acts of loyal love!" Both of these women, Mrs. Manoah and Hannah, experienced God's love as He took care of them in specific situations. Write about the great love of the Lord for you and how He took care of you in 1 or 2 specific situations in your life.
Abigail & Bathsheba — Two Wives

Time: United Kingdom ~1010-900 B.C.

“But he said to me, ‘My grace is enough for you, for my power is made perfect in weakness.’ So then, I will boast most gladly about my weaknesses, so that the power of Christ may reside in me. Therefore, I am content with weaknesses, with insults, with troubles, with persecutions and difficulties for the sake of Christ, for whenever I am weak, then I am strong.” 2 CORINTHIANS 12:9-10

Historical Perspective

The establishment of the monarchy was a momentous event in Israel’s history. As we study this era, we must not conclude that the monarchy itself was wrong. Centuries before, God had predicted that a king would rule over Israel. But in requesting the monarchy, Israel’s motives and timing were wrong (1 Sam 8). She blamed her problems on the absence of a king, not on her sin. She cast her eyes on her pagan neighbors rather than on God. If Israel had simply been patient, the monarchy would have come. Within a few years, David, the Judean shepherd boy, came onto the scene. Had Israel waited a bit longer, God would have placed the son of Jesse on the throne. But Israel’s impatience brought Saul to the throne. Physically impressive, Saul was the picture of a king. For many years, he strengthened his nation, until pride welled up in his heart. His subsequent sin led to judgment, and Saul died a tragic death on the mountains of Gibeon.

David’s reign ushered in the golden age of Israel. He unified the nation, established a strong government, and built the most powerful empire of his day. He conquered Ammon, Moab, Edom, and Syria. Philistia submitted to his authority. As the “sweet Psalmist of Israel,” David received God’s special blessing. He would be the ancestor of the Messiah, the Lord Jesus Christ. His leadership was decisive and effective. He captured Jerusalem from the Jebusites and made it his royal city and residence. Shortly afterward, he brought the ark of the Lord to Jerusalem, publicly acknowledging the Lord’s kingship and rule over himself and the nation. The nation prospered, defeated its enemies, and extended its borders from Egypt to the Euphrates. The Lord announced that He would establish the line of kings through David.

About 10 years after David was established in the city of Jerusalem, David’s weaknesses and failures began to be revealed. Even though David remained a man after God’s own heart, he nevertheless fell short of the ideal king. His sin with Bathsheba and his leniency both with the wickedness of his sons and with the insubordination of one of his advisors led to intrigue, violence, and bloodshed within his own family and the nation.

Day One Study

1. Read 1 Samuel 13:13-14; 16:1-13, 18. What information is given about God’s choice of David and anointing him as king?
2. **Deeper Discoveries (optional):** For more insight into the character of David, read the rest of 1 Samuel 16 through chapter 24. This section sets the stage for our lesson on Abigail.

**Getting to know Abigail…**

King Saul, jealous of God’s choice of David, spent the latter part of his life chasing and trying to kill David. The story of Abigail is sandwiched between two incidents where David used self-restraint to spare Saul’s life because Saul was the Lord’s anointed.

   - Nabal —
   - Abigail —

4. Discuss the kind of marriage and home life Abigail and Nabal might have had based on what is mentioned about them so far.

5. Compare David’s request to Nabal’s response. [NOTE: Nabal’s pastureland was about a mile away from his home.]

6. Read 1 Samuel 25:14-35. From information in these verses, add to your description of Abigail’s qualities.

7. **Tell Your Story:** Abigail didn’t panic. Perhaps she was accustomed to such calamities given her husband’s character! Would you have panicked? Have you ever been in such a dangerous (or perceived dangerous) situation? How did you get through it?
Day Two Study

8. Read 1 Samuel 25:14-35. Why didn’t Abigail tell her husband what she was going to do?

9. Abigail provides us with a successful pattern for dealing with confrontation. Discuss her strategy in appeasing David and her conversation with him.

10. Read 1 Samuel 25:36-44. Once the danger was thwarted, how did Abigail deal with her husband?

11. How did Abigail do what was right for her husband, household, and David while “not giving way to fear”?

12. How did the Lord deal with Nabal?

13. What signs do you see of spiritual maturity in Abigail’s life in spite of living in such a difficult situation?

Scriptural Insight: Within two weeks, Abigail’s life was totally changed. David married Abigail and traveled with her (and his other wife Ahinoam) for two years. Abigail had one son as David’s wife—Chileab. Nothing more is known of Abigail or her son beyond this.

14. Read 2 Corinthians 12:1-10. How does God use difficulties to shape us?
15. Abigail probably lived in the constant stress of unresolved conflict. How might that have affected her attitudes and feelings?

**Think About It:** Abigail “refused to be a victim of circumstances she can’t fully change. Instead she changes what she can.” (Lisa TerKeurst, *Uninvited*)

16. **Your Life’s Journey:** Someone in your small group, perhaps yourself, may live in this kind of relationship. Fear and wrong attitudes can be as harmful as the abuse itself. When we react wrongly to people who mistreat us, we really let them control us.

- What advice could you give to a woman in such a situation? See 1 Corinthians 10:13; 1 Peter 5:6-10; 2 Timothy 1:7

- If it is yourself in such a situation, reach out to someone and let her pray for the situation as well as for your attitudes and responses.

**Day Three Study**

**Getting to know Bathsheba (about 15 years later)…**

17. Read 2 Samuel 11:1-5. What information about Bathsheba can be gleaned from these verses?

18. In what two situations did Bathsheba find herself, and how did she respond in each?

**Scriptural Insight:** Bathsheba’s grandfather was one of David’s counselors. Her father was one of David’s bodyguards. She was married to a Gentile, one of David’s royal guards, who must have adopted Israelite customs. Consider the impact of familiarity on this incident. The Bible does not call this rape as it does in other situations (2 Samuel 13:14). Bathsheba succumbed to David’s advances.

20. What did David’s actions cost Bathsheba?

21. Read 1 Corinthians 10:13. Remembering how Abigail prevented an angry David from doing evil, do you think Bathsheba could have likewise appealed to David?

22. Read 2 Samuel 11:26-12:25. How did God view what David did to Bathsheba and Uriah?

**Scriptural Insight:** The author [of 2 Samuel] points his accusing finger at David, not Bathsheba. It was not Bathsheba’s indiscretion in bathing herself, for she was simply obeying the ritual of purification outlined in the law—in the evening when the sun is setting. It is nearly dark. It was David who, by means of his lofty elevation and view, looked inappropriately at Bathsheba, violating her privacy. The sequence of sin in David’s life does not end with his adulterous union with Bathsheba. It leads to a deceptive plot to make her husband Uriah appear to be the father of David’s child with Bathsheba and culminates in David’s murder of Uriah and his marriage to Uriah’s wife, Bathsheba. (Bob Deffinbaugh, “David and Uriah,” Bible.org)

23. Based on 2 Samuel 12:10-14, what did the prophet Nathan say would be the consequences of this sin, both immediate and long-term? Was David the only one who would suffer? Explain.

**Scriptural Insight:** Psalm 51 is David’s heartfelt repentance (agreement with God about his sin and decision to change his behavior). It reveals his tender heart for God. Also, of all David’s wives, God chose Bathsheba to bear David’s successor, Solomon. She joined two other women with marred reputations, Tamar and Rahab, in the genealogy of Jesus Christ (Matthew 1: 6-17).
24. How did God show His goodness to both David & Bathsheba after the baby died?

25. Read 1 Kings 1:1-35; 2:13-25; and 1 Chronicles 3:4-5. What other information do you glean about Bathsheba as a woman?

26. Deeper Discoveries (optional): Read the rest of 2 Samuel to see how Nathan’s prophecy came true.

27. Your Life’s Journey:
   - Perhaps you had an immoral relationship with your husband (or other person) before marriage or caused a first marriage to be broken up by your relationship to each other, and you are feeling guilty or fearful of the consequences. Agree with God that you have sinned. Accept the forgiveness He provided through His Son Jesus for all your sins—past, present, and future—then forgive yourself and the other person. Then, ask the other person to forgive your part in the past.

   - Read Psalm 103:10-14. God has already removed your sins from you as far as the east is from the west. You will still have to deal with the consequences of your actions, but thanks be to Christ, not the guilt! Romans 8:1 says, “Therefore, there is now no condemnation for those who are in Christ Jesus.” Are you able to trust God to help you even through the consequences of sin? If not, ask someone you trust to pray for you regarding this.
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved Abigail and Bathsheba. He knew what was going on in their lives. Marriage difficulties, the temptations they faced, the losses they suffered—He was there for all of it. He was able to do something about it. Abigail’s life was spared by using the strengths God gave her. Bathsheba, though she suffered the consequences of sin, was blessed with the birth of Solomon, heir to the throne. During their walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, Abigail and Bathsheba chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. Likewise, God may not choose to relieve you from a difficult marriage or prevent you from experiencing the consequences of sin (yours or someone else’s). But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

28. List the situations that could have terrified Abigail. How did she respond to God in faith?

29. What opportunities did Bathsheba have to fear? How did she respond to God in faith?

30. Your Life’s Journey: Scripture describes both Abigail and Bathsheba as being beautiful women. God creates beauty so this is a good thing. In his commentary, Matthew Henry wrote, “The fear of God reigning in the heart is the beauty of the soul.” What does the Bible teach about the relationship between physical beauty and a person’s character? See Proverbs 31:10, 30; 1 Peter 3:1-6, and any other verses you can find to support your answer.
Two Widows — Single with Children

Time: Divided Kingdom—Israel ~900-722 B.C.

“So then, don’t worry saying, ‘What will we eat?’ or ‘What will we drink?’ or ‘What will we wear?’ For the unconverted pursue these things, and your heavenly Father knows that you need them. But above all pursue his kingdom and righteousness, and all these things will be given to you as well. So then, do not worry about tomorrow, for tomorrow will worry about itself. Today has enough trouble of its own.” MATTHEW 6:31-34

**Historical Perspective**

David reigned on the throne of Israel for 40 years. Solomon, who was God’s choice to inherit his father’s throne, strengthened Israel’s defenses, conducted trade throughout the known world, and engaged in numerous building operations including a magnificent temple for God and a massive palace for himself. Famed for his wisdom, which he requested and received from God, Solomon wrote the books of Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and the Song of Solomon. But tempted by his foreign wives, Solomon unwisely turned his heart away from God. As a result, God promised judgment upon Solomon’s death—the kingdom would be divided.

Here’s how it happened: For centuries friction had existed between the northern and southern tribes. This friction was evident throughout David’s reign. From 1010 to 1003 B.C., David ruled over the southern tribes (Judah), while the northern ten tribes (Israel) supported Saul’s son Ishbosheth. Following Ishbosheth’s death, Israel accepted David as king (2 Samuel 5) but then rebelled briefly toward the end of his life (2 Samuel 20).

As Solomon inherited David’s kingdom, the seeds of discontent became apparent. The Israelites chafed under heavy taxation and forced labor. Upon Solomon’s death, they sought relief, which finally came only through permanent division. The prophet Ahijah appeared to one of Solomon’s officials, Jeroboam (1 Kings 11), and prophesied the divided kingdom, ordaining Jeroboam king over Israel. Solomon’s son Rehoboam proved himself foolish and unworthy to rule, and the northern tribes rallied around Jeroboam (1 Kings 12). When the dust cleared, the United Kingdom was no more. Jeroboam, however, refused to obey God’s Word. He founded a renegade religious system and led his nation on the pathway to ruin. Israel’s history featured religious apostasy and unstable leadership. Godless kings turned the people away from their God. Sin always brings judgment, and in 722 B.C. the Assyrians destroyed Samaria, Israel’s capital, bringing the Northern Kingdom to an end.

The Hebrew Prophet — Besides godless kings, Israel’s history also featured religious apostasy characterized by an ineffective or nonexistent priesthood. God called men to become His mouthpiece, that is, receiving a message directly from God and proclaiming it to God’s people. Unlike the priest or the king, the prophet did not inherit his office. He received his calling directly from God. Some examples are Jeremiah before birth (Jer. 1:5), Samuel as a young boy (I Sam. 3), and Amos as a farmer (Amos 1:1). The prophet’s life was usually difficult, sometimes involving grave physical abuse. Jeremiah was held captive in a muddy pit, and according to tradition Isaiah was sawn in half.
Day One Study

Ahab ruled Israel in the middle 800's B.C—the 6th king after Jeroboam. His kingship made idolatry a household accepted practice. An idol is any human-created God substitute. Idolatry is giving glory to something else that belongs only to God. Israel’s idolatry was particularly the worship of Baal—one of the leading Canaanite gods. Baal, whose name meant simply “lord,” was considered the god of storms and thus of fertility, for the rain he supposedly sent watered the crops and provided a bountiful harvest. The prophet Elijah lived during this time. Elijah’s name (meaning “The LORD is my God”) was the essence of his message.

1. Read Exodus 20:2-6 and Deuteronomy 11:13-17. What did God promise to Israel if they set up idol worship?

2. Read James 5:17 and 1 Kings 17:1. Elijah prayed according to God’s promise (Deut. 11:16-17), and then he told Ahab about it.
   - What do you think was God’s point by Elijah’s message in 1 Kings 17:1?
   - According to James 5:17, how did God answer Elijah’s prayer?
   - Why would this challenge the people’s idolatry?

3. Imagine that kind of drought. How would God’s answer to Elijah’s prayer affect the land and people in Israel and surrounding nations as well as on himself?

   Think About It: Sometimes when we pray for the Lord to draw unbelievers to Him, the believers have to suffer the consequences as well. Is it worth it?

4. Read 1 Kings 17:1-6. What did Elijah learn about God’s creative provision in a tough time?

5. Read 2 Corinthians 8:13-15 and Philippians 4:10-20. What do you learn about God’s provision from these verses?
6. **Tell Your Story:** Describe a time in your life when God creatively provided for you as things looked hopeless—whether it was physical, emotional, or spiritual provision. Be sure to include what it was like to trust Him for that provision.

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**Day Two Study**

**Getting to know the widow of Zarephath...**

Zarephath was located between the two cities, Tyre and Sidon, on the Mediterranean Coast northwest of Israel. This was Gentile territory and, specifically, the home of Ahab’s queen Jezebel and Baal worship.

7. Read 1 Kings 17:7-16. Based on the information given, what words would you use to describe the Widow of Zarephath if you were there watching her?

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**Spiritual Insight:** The meaning of commanded is "chosen, planned". It was God's decree. God was not bound by His covenant with the Jews to bless this Gentile woman. But, He did. God’s grace and mercy is always available to individuals.

8. What was her problem, and how was she trying to deal with it?
9. What might have been her emotions at this time?

10. What did Elijah ask the widow to do?

**Think About It:** “Receiving promises requires obedience.” (Ron Holton, pastor of Rockpointe Church, January 2017)

11. List the many ways that her faith and obedience were rewarded. [NOTE: Only a true God can provide flour and oil in a drought!]

12. **Your Life’s Journey:** Elijah stayed with the widow and her son, eating flour and oil cakes twice a day for almost 3 years. Imagine that. A modern-day equivalent could be peanut butter and jelly sandwiches. As I heard someone say recently, we can get so used to our blessings that we complain about them. Think about how long you could stay grateful while eating those twice a day for 3 years! Reflect on the words of the song below.

> Had a lot of dreams that never came true. Things I could have done, but never got the chance to do. When I couldn’t see the path of the storm your wisdom wouldn’t let me go that way. And it broke my heart, but now my heart can say...Thank you for the times you said, No. Thank you for the doors that you closed. All the ways you never let me go and the things you never gave me. So many times I didn’t understand and wouldn’t let you take my hand. But now I want to fall at Your feet and thank you for the things you never gave me. (“Things You Never Gave Me” by David Meece)

How grateful are you for what the Lord has already done in your life? Do you thank Him for the times He says, “No”? See Colossians 1:11-12; 2:7; 3:15-17.

13. Read 1 Kings 17:17-24. What was her problem now, and how did she respond?
14. What do you think she meant by saying, “Did you come to remind me of my sin and kill my son?”

**Focus on the Meaning:** This is a common reaction among people who do not know God’s ways well when personal tragedy hits their lives. It’s the pagan view of life: “When things go well, the gods are pleased with me. When things go wrong, the gods are angry with me.” Jesus declares in Matthew 5:45 that God sends sunshine and rain on both the righteous and the unrighteous equally. It was not her sin but God’s opportunity to take this woman another step along her faith walk, making it personal.

15. Discuss Elijah’s response and how God answered Elijah’s prayer.

16. Read Acts 2:22; Hebrews 2:3-4. Why does God perform miracles? Did it work this time?

17. Read Matthew 6:31-34. Apply this passage to today’s lesson.

18. **Your Life’s Journey:** Through a near tragedy, this woman came to know the living God in a personal way. Do you know of someone who turned to the Lord only after exhausting all her/his other resources? When might it be good to pray for someone to reach desperate circumstances? What if those desperate circumstances might involve you as well?
Day Three Study

Getting to know the prophet’s widow...

Elijah served God as His prophet and priest in the northern kingdom for many years. He mentored Elisha, a farmer’s son, to help him and continue the ministry after Elijah was taken to heaven (2 Kings 2:1-25). Three characteristics distinguished God’s true prophet: 1) He was loyal to Yahweh alone, 2) His predictions came to pass, 3) His message agreed with previous revelations. The performance of miracles was not the primary test, because false prophets could perform miracles through the power of Satan (Deuteronomy 13:1-2).

   - What was this woman’s crisis situation?
   - How did she deal with it?

Historical Insight: The widow’s husband had been part of the company of prophets who remained faithful to God. The company of prophets can be considered similar to modern seminaries where men and women learn from distinguished God-gifted teachers such as Samuel, Elijah and Elisha. One community of prophets was located at Bethel, just north of Jerusalem.

20. The Mosaic Law provided for paying off debts by working. See Leviticus 25:39-41. How did God limit this practice?

21. Read Deuteronomy 10:17-18; Psalm 68:4-5. What does God promise to do for the widows and orphans?

22. Read Exodus 22:22, 23; Deuteronomy 14:28-29; 24:19-22 to see how God would use the community to provide for widows and orphans. What was God’s plan?

23. The widow sought Elisha, God’s representative to her. List all the things that Elisha commanded her to do.
   - First (verses 3-4) —
   - Next (verse 7) —
Historical Insight: Olive oil was expensive and time-consuming to make. It was used for cooking, lighting lamps, dressing wounds, and as a deodorant when water wasn’t available for bathing. The wealthy used it for bathing and as a skin softener. It was also used for anointing kings and the dead for burial as well as for ritual offerings. The widow had a valuable commodity.

24. When Elisha told the widow to ask her neighbors for jars, what could have been the benefits of doing so…
   • to them?
   • to her?

25. How do you think this incident impacted her sons?

26. Looking at the kind of help this woman had sought from God and what she actually received, how did God “defend her cause” (Deuteronomy 10:18)?

27. Your Life’s Journey: Read 1 Timothy 5:3-8,16; James 1:27; and Romans 12:13.
   • As followers of Christ, what does God expect of us as women in our homes, church, and community to help the needy?
   • In today’s society, who would be considered widows? What do they need besides material provisions?
   • Study these passages and ask God to reveal a specific area where He wants you to be obedient to Him as you reach out to meet the need of someone in your sphere of influence.
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved the two widows and their children. He knew what was going on in their lives. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not give the widows their husbands back nor did He prevent them from having to go through the agony of watching food supplies dwindle or facing threats from a creditor. His provision was not luxurious foods or easy money. During their walk, a loving God said no to some things. Yet, they chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded their faith with an outpouring of His blessing. Likewise, God may not choose to resuscitate your dead loved ones. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths...

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

28. What kind of fears did the widow living in Zarephath face? How did she respond to God by faith?

29. What could have terrified the prophet’s widow? How did she demonstrate faith?

30. Your Life’s Journey: Often, we overlook what God has already provided for us and concentrate instead on what we don’t have. Notice that God used what both women already had as a resource. How has God done this in your life?

Read “God’s Riches Meet Your Needs” on the next page for additional insight to apply this lesson to your life.
God’s Riches Meet Your Needs

By Melanie Newton

Jesus said to His followers, “Don’t let your needs dominate your thoughts.” Your heavenly Father knows your needs. He cares for the creatures in the natural world so they lack nothing. He will care for you. Give yourself to the Lord first. Pursue God’s purposes more than your own purposes. Think differently about God’s provision for you.

Out of my study, I believe God has 4 lessons for us to learn today regarding God’s provision, and they are tough ones. We might all wish we had skipped this class!

Lesson #1: God’s provision is His to give and take away. Regard it humbly.

• Everything we have comes from God.

Paul reminds us in his letter to the Corinthians: What do you have that God hasn’t given you?

“What do you have that God hasn’t given you? And if everything you have is from God, why boast as though it were not a gift?” (1 Corinthians 4:7 NLT).

There isn’t anything we have that we did not receive from God—birthplace, height, attractiveness, intelligence, natural talents. Yet we boastfully live as though we had everything to do with those things.

• What we have is not a measure of our goodness or our faith.

How God chooses to provide for you or for me at any time in our lives is His sovereign choice. Paul, who was in God’s will and doing what God purposed for Him to do, experienced times of hunger and need (Philippians 4:12-13). When God removes our comforts and strips away our support, we actually begin to depend on Him as God Almighty—as an essential to our lives, not just an appendage. Don’t let anyone deceive you by equating prosperity with your measure of faith.

• God determines our provision—the how, when, and why

Most of the time, God’s provision is going to come through people, not miraculously appear from the sky. People design products and services to sell; they take the risk to start businesses and hire workers, including you. People buy farmers’ crops. And, people provide meals for someone in a time of need. God determines how He provides to His own. We must learn to trust whatever manner He chooses.

• Our provision belongs to God. Hold onto it loosely.

Just before Elijah went to live with the widow Zee, God had him living beside a stream for about 6 months. Birds brought him food twice a day (1 Kings 17:1-6). But, it’s during a drought so he watches the stream gradually dry up!

Chuck Swindoll says in his sermon series on Elijah, "The God who gave the water has chosen to take the water. It's His sovereign right! He gives the child; He can take it away. He gives the business; He can take it away. He gives the house; He can take it away."

Yikes! I don't like that, do you? But, it's true. #1: God’s provision is His to give and take away. Regard it humbly.
Lesson #2: God’s provision is always enough. Receive it gratefully.

The definition of “enough” is “as much as is needed or can be tolerated.” I think I can tolerate quite a bit, don’t you? But, maybe God knows better. I’ve learned two things about this…

• The Sufficiency of God’s Enough

At the end of 40 years of nomadic life in the desert, with manna in the morning and quail every night for supper, no house or farm, no new shoes or clothes, Moses tells the people of Israel they “lacked nothing” (Deuteronomy 2:7). Later, he tells them that in their new land with abundant water and bountiful food they “will lack nothing” (Deuteronomy 8:7-9). With little or with lots, they “lack nothing.” When you have the Lord’s provision (whatever it is), you lack nothing that you need at this time in your life. It’s what you HAVE that counts, not what you don’t have. Then, there’s…

• The Creativity of God’s Enough

When you receive God’s provision, you learn that He is trustworthy, creative, and personal. For one widow, she had endless pancakes but only enough for today with a promise for tomorrow. No 50 # sack of flour in her pantry. She had to trust that it would be refilled for the next day’s meals. She lacked nothing. For the other woman, she had a bottomless pot of oil, enough for today and to plan for her future. She lacked nothing. God doesn’t do the same thing for everyone. Both of them learned to follow God’s directions even when it made no sense. Your hope is to be in your God. Not in prosperity—current or future.

#2: God’s provision is always enough. Receive it gratefully.

Lesson #3: God’s provision is meant to be shared. Give it generously.

• Compassion is doing, not feeling

Compassion is doing something to ease someone’s pain, whether it’s for this week or more. And, most times of need last longer than a day! God’s plan for the needy in Israel was that perfectly good food was purposely left in the fields for the poor to have. It was proactive.

• Compassion requires trusting God, not having plenty

This is totally opposite of the world’s thinking, isn’t it? There is a fine line between good stewardship of the provisions God’s given today and not trusting God enough to be able to share it.

I recently discovered one of the most mind-blowing verses in the Bible. Consider what Paul writes about some of his Christian friends,

Out of the most severe trial, their overflowing joy and their extreme poverty welled up in rich generosity… they gave themselves first to the Lord and then to us in keeping with God’s will. (2 Corinthians 8:2, 7)

That is so radical! Extreme poverty giving generously with overflowing joy. As someone once said,

“It is not what you’d do with a million, if riches should e’er be your lot. But what you are doing at present with the dollar and a quarter you’ve got.” (R. G. LeTourneau)

It’s what you do with what you have.

• Compassion shares God’s riches flowing through us

God’s grace can make a dynamic difference in the mindset of His people when it comes to provision. Whether you are the receiver or the giver, how you do both should be different than what the world does.
Paul goes on to say,

“Our desire is not that others might be relieved while you are hard pressed, but that there might be equality. At the present time your plenty will supply what they need, so that in turn their plenty will supply what you need.” (2 Corinthians 8:13-14)

Here’s the key: **God’s riches to us are supplied through us to meet another’s needs.** We are brothers and sisters in a large family with a responsibility to care for each other. That may require some learning to live without something so we have more to give.

**• Compassion is personal**

Have you experienced the joy of deliberately and delightfully meeting the specific needs of a person with a name and a face you know? I remember a time when a friend of mine shopped with two baskets—1 for her family, the other for our family. Everything she bought for her family for Thanksgiving, she bought for us, including all the staples to make everything we’d need. When she pulled up in my driveway, I was absolutely floored by her love in action. Compassion is personal.

#3: God’s provision is meant to be shared. Give it generously.

**Lesson #4: God’s provision brings Him glory. Praise Him openly.**

Knowing women, I picture both widows in our lesson today telling their stories. As you openly shared today how God creatively provided for you in a tough time, that was giving Him praise. Acknowledging that what we have, whether much or little, all comes from God is giving Him glory. Every time you tell about it, thank Him. Ask God to give you frequent opportunity to tell that story and give Him praise.

My dear sisters, let’s recognize God’s provision to us as being supplied to us for His purposes. Whenever there doesn’t seem to be enough, remember these four truths to stand strong in the tough times:

1. God loves me
2. God knows what is going on in my life
3. God can do something about it
4. I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do

Whatever provision you do receive from God, regard it humbly, receive it gratefully, give it generously and, praise Him openly.
"Now the king was talking to Gehazi, the prophet’s servant, and said, ‘Tell me all the great things which Elisha has done.’ While Gehazi was telling the king how Elisha had brought the dead back to life, the woman whose son he had brought back to life came to ask the king for her house and field. Gehazi said, ‘My master, O king, this is the very woman and this is her son whom Elisha brought back to life!’ The king asked the woman about it, and she gave him the details.” 2 KINGS 8:4-6

**Historical Perspective**

God’s concern for women and their special needs is clearly seen in the scriptures we’ve studied so far. While women were regarded as inferior to men in most ancient Near Eastern societies, God demonstrated His compassion for them in many different ways.

Elisha, God’s prophet to Israel and successor to Elijah, ministered in and around Mt. Carmel on the western edge of the Plain of Jezreel—a strategic area of Israel and a fruitful farming valley. Shunem was a little town in this valley about ~20 miles away from Mt. Carmel. This little village was not far from Nazareth, where Jesus grew up centuries later.

**Day One Study**

**Getting to know the woman of Shunem…**

1. Read 2 Kings 4:8-17. Describe this woman. List everything you can infer from the text.

2. How did she approach her husband with her idea?

**Scriptural Insight:** A few years earlier, the prophet Elijah thought no faithful worshiper of God was left in Israel but himself. God reassured Elijah that 7,000 people remained in Israel who had not “bowed their knees” to Baal. Those Israelites were still faithful to God alone. Perhaps the Shunammite woman and her husband came from families who were part of that 7,000.

3. How did Elisha respond to their generosity (verses 11-13)?
4. What need did she withhold, and why do you think she withheld it?

5. How does Elisha find out about her unexpressed need?

6. What does Elisha, as God’s representative, do about her need, and what did the woman learn about God as a result?

7. Your Life’s Journey: Homemaking is a ministry. For her, it all started with a meal—extending hospitality—and thus supporting Elisha’s ministry. Home is wherever you live. Whether your career is that of “homemaker” or not, women are particularly gifted by God to establish the warmth of a home—emotional and otherwise. Do you consider your “homemaking” as a ministry and your “home” as a ministry tool? Share a time when God has given you opportunity to use your home to minister to someone else.

8. Your Life’s Journey: The Shunammite woman and her husband gladly took care of Elisha’s needs. What should be our attitude toward our pastors and Bible teachers? Read Galatians 6:9-10; 1 Timothy 5:17-18. How can you better serve those who are dedicating their lives to serving you? Write a prayer of thanks to God for specific ones.
Day Two Study

About 5 or more years later...

9. Read 2 Kings 4:18-37. Many farmers lived in town and went out to the country daily to work. What crisis happened on this work day, and how did this woman respond to the crisis?

10. What might be the reasons for not telling her husband or Elisha’s servant Gehazi that her son had died?

11. Your Life’s Journey: It seems this determined woman only wanted Elisha who represented God to her at this time. While there are times when family and friends can help us, God wants us to bring our deepest needs to Him alone. Read Hebrews 4:14-16 and 10:19-23. Describe the last time when you faced a crisis that only God could handle. Did you confidently bring your need to Him? Were you able to trust Him with the outcome? Why or why not?

12. In what ways did Elisha demonstrate his respect for this woman?

13. Where did Elisha get his ability to raise the boy from the dead? How do you know?

Think About It: God poured out miracles through Elijah and Elisha to Israel during their lifetimes. Perhaps it was to get the attention of His people for His message. There was no other true spiritual leadership in Israel at this time, and Baal worship encroached continually.
14. After reading today’s selection, what other adjectives would you add in your description of this woman?

15. Your Life’s Journey: Though living in the midst of wicked, unfaithful Israel, this woman and her husband chose to remain faithful to God. God honored their faith by giving them opportunity to respond to His word through Elisha whenever he came to their town. We live in a culture that finds Christianity, as well as God’s standards of moral law, repulsive—choosing instead its own self-gratification as a substitute for worship of the true God. We are surrounded by idolatry and corrupt teaching. What steps do you need to take to remain faithful to God alone? How are you doing this?

Day Three Study

At least 7 years later…

16. Read 2 Kings 8:1-6. In verse 1, how did God show His faithfulness to the Shunammite woman and her family?

17. After obeying the words of Elisha for 7 years, she returns to Israel.
   - Now, what challenge was she facing (verse 3)?
   - How did she respond to the problem?
Historical Insight: It was possible for Israelites to bypass lower judicial officials and appeal directly to the king. Either someone had illegally occupied the woman's property or it had fallen to the domain of the king by virtue of its abandonment. And, remember that the king of Israel (possibly Jehu) was not a godly king. He was a newly crowned king who was unfamiliar with Elisha.

18. What did the king do for her?

19. In what ways has God shown His faithfulness to this woman in her past, in her present and for her future?

20. After reading this passage, why do you think God allowed the family in Shunem to experience the crisis in 2 Kings 4?

21. Do you believe the woman's sudden appearance before the king was a coincidence? If not, what does it tell you about our God?

22. Your Life's Journey: We don't even know her name. But, God does. And, He included her story in His written Word for our benefit.
   - What inspires you about this woman?
   - Do you know any women today like this? How do they inspire you?
Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

God loved this woman and her family. He knew what was going on in their lives. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not make the woman’s husband young again nor did He prevent her from having to endure the stigma of barrenness for a time. He didn’t prevent the famine from affecting their family. During her walk, a loving God said no to some things. Yet, she chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, He rewarded her faith with an outpouring of His blessing on her family. Likewise, God may not choose to fix your crisis so you experience no pain. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!

23. What situations could have brought fear into this woman’s life?

24. How did she respond to God by faith? Give specific instances and verse references.

25. Tell Your Story: God gave this woman a story of His faithfulness to her, and He gave her opportunity to share it with an ungodly king! God has given you a story to tell of His faithfulness to you. Review the various parts of your story that you have already written in the previous lessons. Choose one or two to expand into “Your Story” on the next page to share of your faith walk with God, especially your WALK FROM FEAR TO FAITH. Think in terms of what you can share in about 5 minutes. Then ask God to give you opportunities to share your story!

If you are in a Bible study group, you can share your story as you discuss Lesson 10 or Lesson 11. When you share with each other, follow these ground rules:

- Keep to about 5 minutes of sharing.
- Do not interrupt each other.
- Pledge confidentiality.
- Affirm each other.
- Do not try to solve anyone’s problems.
Your Story

Read “Trusting God? Share It” after the “Your Story” page for additional insight to apply this lesson to your life.
**Trusting God? Share It!**

By Melanie Newton

There is a line in one of my favorite praise songs that says, “Though darkness fills the night, It cannot hide the light; Whom shall I fear?” Darkness is one of those things that can cause fear. Think of a time when you were in a really dark place. With not even a glimmer of light. Being in a cave? Or a dark forest? How do you feel in total darkness? Afraid. Lonely. You look for light from any source, don’t you? You see that light and follow it to get out of the darkness.

That’s what God does for us—He calls us out of darkness into His wonderful light. And, He uses us as light-bearers to declare God’s faithfulness and lead other people to Him.

**Light-bearers declare God’s faithfulness**

We are God’s dearly loved children who can be light-bearers to anyone still living in darkness. I love how Peter words it,

> “But you are a chosen people, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, a people belonging to God, that you may declare the praises of him who called you out of darkness into his wonderful light.” (1 Peter 2:9)

You and I are chosen to be God’s mouthpiece to the world around us. Like the prophets Elijah and Elisha. Like the Shunammite woman. Our purpose is to declare what He has done in our own lives to those who cannot see the light. To those still gripped by fear. Do you know someone like that? Do you remember being like that?

The evidences of human distress are everywhere around us. Women are in bondage to guilt, fear, destructive behavior, fatigue and disappointment. Any wrong views they have about God leave them feeling empty, confused, and without meaning and purpose. Failure in relationships leaves women with a sense of rejection, worthlessness and extreme loneliness. As people walk around in their blindness-darkness, they are groping along the walls to find their way to a door that will free them of their fear and give them purpose in life. God’s plan to meet that need for every woman is…Himself through a relationship with His Son Jesus Christ.

**Jesus Is the Light of the World**

Our God sent His Son Jesus into the world to lead the way out of the darkness. Jesus declared Himself to be the light of the world, giving sight to the spiritually blind. But, He chooses to use us—frail, faltering, headstrong, often self-centered humans—to be his light-bearers and messengers of love to the blind and fearful people on this earth. That amazes me!

We are called to say, “The light is this way. Let me help you find the light. God is waiting to rescue you from your prison of fear and darkness and bring you into His wonderful light. You will find warmth and peace and enjoy a life of freedom and joy with Him.”

We are the light-bearers. We communicate to those around us who are enshrouded in darkness that God is real and available to anyone who wants Him. That’s the good news. What is often called “The Gospel.”
The Gospel is the good news about God’s faithfulness

It is the good news about Jesus Christ coming to earth to save us from our sins. Christianity is Christ! It’s all about a relationship with Him. Someone once said,

“Jesus Christ laid down His life for you so that he could give His life to you so that he could live His life through you.” (Ian Thomas)

If you have opportunity to tell someone one thing, tell her about Jesus.

Tell her that God loves her and wants a relationship with her. But, sin separates her from God’s love.

Tell her that Jesus is God, who came to earth as a man, and died for her sins.

Tell her that she can be completely forgiven of her sins and receive eternal life with God simply by believing in Jesus as her Savior.

That is the gospel. It’s a treasure that we have. And, it is too powerful and valuable to keep to ourselves. We must share it! We must communicate what God has done in our lives. Declare your story of God’s faithfulness.

Declare your story of God’s faithfulness

The Shunammite woman told a not-so-godly king the story of God’s faithfulness to her and her family. This was no coincidence. It was definitely an opportunity given to her. And, she took it! She told her story. And, God used that story to benefit her and to remind that godless king who was still His God, too.

People love to hear stories. Look at all the time we spend watching movies, reading books, scrolling through Facebook. As you have learned to trust God’s goodness in whatever things that are threatening you or causing you fear, and journaled about it, you now have a story to share. It’s your personal story about your faith in a faithful God. Sharing your story is a simple way to speak about God’s love for you and how He works in your life. You can bring hope to someone who needs it.

Jesus met a man who had severe demonic possession; the guy had been miserable for years. After Jesus freed him from that horrible existence, the man wanted to get in the boat with Jesus and follow him everywhere. Wouldn’t you? But, Jesus told him to go back to his people and tell them everything that God had done for him. He would be a light-bearer to his family, neighbors, and others who would not likely hear about Jesus any other way.

How did you first hear about Jesus? Someone told you, right? We get that awesome privilege of sharing that good news with others. There is tremendous joy in reaching out to those who do not know Jesus and introducing them to Him so they can know Him just as you now know Him.

Think of it this way: Imagine you had cancer and were chosen to be part of a special test group for a new cure. The treatment cured all of your cancer completely free of charge. What is the first thing you would do after you were healed? You would blast it all over Facebook, telling all of the other cancer victims about this great cure! Well, sin is a cancer affecting every single person. And you have been cured—forgiven of your sins—by your faith in Jesus Christ.

Do you remember how you felt before you believed in Jesus? Maybe you felt lonely, guilty, and without hope. The entire world is lost without Jesus. Jesus chooses to have His followers tell His story—what He does for them and through them.
You have a story to share about your walk from fear to faith. Your story illustrates the power of God in your life. It illustrated His faithfulness to you that helped you let go of your fear and trust His goodness. You do not need to be an expert in the Bible or have years of experience knowing Christ. Just share what you know.

And as you declare God’s faithfulness to you on your walk from fear to faith, be sure to include the 4 truths you have learned that are essential to faith:

#1. God loves me
#2. God knows what is going on in my life
#3. God can do something about it
#4. I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do

Keep reminding yourself of these as well. I am confident that God will continue to show His faithfulness to you as you walk from fear to faith.
Lesson Eleven

11 Esther — Woman of Courage

Time Period: Captivity and Restoration ~609-400 B.C.

“For if you remain silent at this time, relief and deliverance for the Jews will arise from another place, but you and your father’s family will perish. And who knows but that you have come to your royal position for such a time as this?” ESTHER 4:14

Historical Perspective

With the fall of the Northern Kingdom in 722 BC, Judah remained alone. She had been able to escape an early ruin because the Davidic dynasty remained stable, many of Judah's kings were godly (Asa, Jehoshaphat, Uzziah, Hezekiah, and Josiah), and zealous prophets exhorted Judah to love and obey God. Elijah, Elisha, Amos and Hosea had ministered to Israel. Obadiah, Joel, Jonah, Isaiah, Micah, Nahum, Zephaniah, Habakkuk, and Jeremiah poured out their messages of repentance and faith upon Judah.

Wicked kings, however, like Ahaz and Manasseh damaged the moral fiber of the people. The idolatrous worship of foreign gods (Baal and Molech especially) remained a temptation. Yet Judah remained strong until the reign of Manasseh, whose destructive influence so undermined the nation (Jeremiah 15:2-4) that not even godly Josiah could rescue her from the downward slide. With the death of Josiah in 609 BC, Judah's end came quickly. Nebuchadnezzar, the Babylonian king, made three incursions into Judah—the last bringing total destruction. Jerusalem, including the Temple and the palace, lay in total ruin; her people carried off into captivity in Babylon. The exiled Judeans were treated with some measure of respect in Babylon. Some became prosperous businessmen; some rose to political power (Daniel and his friends). The prophets Daniel and Jeremiah held out hope for Israel's return according to God's promise.

In 539 B.C. Babylon fell to the Persian monarch Cyrus the Great. Nearly two centuries before, Isaiah had predicted the rise of Cyrus (Isaiah 45:1). When Cyrus conquered Babylon, he decreed that God's people could return to Judea and rebuild their temple in Jerusalem. Three groups of people returned—the first led by Zerubbabel in 537 BC, the second led by Ezra 80 years later, and the third group came with Nehemiah 15 years after that. The new temple was completed in 516 BC. The events in the book of Esther concerned those who remained in Babylon between the time of Zerubbabel and Ezra.

Malachi's ministry marked the conclusion of the Old Testament direct revelation from God. For 400 years, there was silence until the birth of Jesus. God was not through with His people, though. He still intervened and directed the history of Israel through that 400 years.

Day One Study

1. Read the following accounts of what the people endured during the 70 years between being taken captive and the edict which pronounced their freedom. What information is given in each passage about God's part?
   - 2 Chronicles 36:15-23 —
• Ezra 1:1-11 —

2. Read Ezra 4:4-24. What attitude toward the Jews was beginning to creep in among the rest of the Persian empire?

**Getting to know Esther…**


4. How do you know that Esther’s physical beauty was extremely important to the king?

5. According to 2:15, 20, what is revealed about Esther’s character that would have helped her in the palace?

6. Mordecai was Esther’s cousin and adoptive father. Notice how Esther presented Mordecai’s uncovering of an assassination plot to the king. Why was her handling of this matter so crucial?

7. **Your Life’s Journey:** Notice how Esther’s beauty and her character helped her to find favor with Hegai and the king. Has there been a time in your life when you needed to obtain and maintain favor with someone? How did your character help you to do that with integrity?
Day Two Study

   • What crisis occurred that threatened the Jews, including Esther and Mordecai?
   • How did Esther first respond to Mordecai’s message (4:11)?

9. In 4:14, Mordecai gives Esther "God's perspective" on her life and current circumstances. What is it?


11. What does Esther’s reply tell you about her as a woman of God?


13. Twice Esther invited the king and Haman to a banquet.
   • What was Esther’s strategy at this point?
   • How successful was it?
14. Read Esther 6:1-14. What insight did Haman's wife, Zeresh, have about the Jews that Haman ignored?

15. **Tell Your Story:** Can you look back at your life and see a “God moment” where you were given an opportunity to make a difference in the lives of others around you? Describe how you recognized the opportunity and what happened.

**Day Three Study**

16. Read Esther 7:1-10. Compare 7:2 with 5:3, 6. The king makes the same statement three separate times to Esther. Esther finally takes advantage of his offer. What does she request?

17. What character traits did Esther exhibit in this incident?

18. Read Esther 8:1-10:3. How did God reward Esther for her courage?

19. According to law, a decree written in the king's name and signed with his signet ring may not be revoked. Explain how Esther was able to work around this challenge to save her people.
20. Read 8:16-17 again. Describe what happened and how that glorified God.

**Think About It:** The plot once intended to destroy the Jews resulted in a festival which helped to unite and sustain them as a people. And, God used this opportunity to bring nonbelievers to faith in Himself. A win-win for all!

21. Esther was the creative wife of a nonbeliever. She used her beauty and charm as well as brains to God's advantage. How did she get her husband to become part of her team?

22. **Your Life's Journey:** Perhaps you are married to an unbeliever or work with unbelievers in your job.
   - If you are married to an unbeliever, how does the example of Esther encourage you as a wife? How do you use your influence to God's advantage in your marriage and work with your husband as a team for the common good?

   - If you are in a work situation with an unbeliever (boss, manager or co-worker), how does the example of Esther encourage you as an employee? How do you use your influence to God’s advantage in your job and work with your co-workers as a team for the common good?

**Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith**

God loved Esther. He knew what was going on in her life. He was able to do something about it. But, God did not prevent Esther from being taken into a king’s harem. He did not make it easy for her to stand up for her people. During her walk, a loving God said “no” to some things. Yet, she chose to trust Him rather than submit to fear. And, God rewarded her faith with an outpouring of His blessing in other ways. Likewise, God may not choose to rescue you from difficult circumstances in which you find yourself. But, in any and all situations, you can count on these truths…

- God loves me.
- God knows what is going on in my life.
- God can do something about it.
- I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do!
23. List all the situations in Esther’s life that could have “terrified” her.

24. Considering those opportunities for being terrified, in which ones did Esther, by faith, do what was right and not give way to fear?

25. **Your Life’s Story:** We, too, may find ourselves in situations that seem beyond our ability to handle or control. Perhaps you have an enemy (or your husband or closest friend may have one). How can you use Esther’s response to this threat to her people and relate it to your life today?
Small Group Discussion Guide

LESSON 1: GOT FEAR? TRUST GOD

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One

✓ What phrases in Psalm 56:3-4 tell you what to do when you are afraid?
✓ From 1 Peter 3:3-6, God considers a gentle and quiet spirit in a woman of great worth in His sight (verse 4)? What do it mean to have a “gentle” and “quiet” spirit?
✓ Why do you think these qualities in a woman would be so precious – of great worth – to God?
✓ From 1 Peter 3:5-6, what are the three choices that women can make?
✓ What does it mean to not give way to fear?
✓ Have you ever felt terrified? How did you respond?
✓ What’s harder for God: rescuing us from desperate circumstances or developing in us a gentle and quiet spirit? Why?
✓ What might be holding you back from trusting Him whenever you are afraid?

Day Two Study

✓ From Hebrews 11:1 and 6: What is faith, and what must you believe about God in your faith?
✓ After reading the “Connecting with Old Testament Everyday Women” box, what of their life experiences and fears might have been the same as your own life experiences and fears?
✓ Read John 14:27 and 16:33. What does Jesus promise to you?
✓ Tell Your Story: Has there been a problem in your life where you needed to make a choice to do right, but the possible consequences filled you with fear? Have you learned to trust God and live by faith in that area, or are you still struggling with it?

Day Three Study—Four Truths Essential to Faith

✓ God may not choose to rescue you from everything that is threatening you. But, in any and all situations, you can count on the four truths essential to faith. Say them aloud together, making them personal.
✓ After reading the words to the song, discuss what is causing them fear today. What are their choices for acting on that fear? Apply the 4 truths to each situation.

Day Four Study — The Walk From Fear To Faith

✓ Go through the “Applying Faith to Fear” process and then have everyone discuss their plan of action to apply faith to one of their fears right now.
LESSON 2: SARAH — A WOMAN LIKE US

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One

✓ Describe Sarah and her circumstances, including going along with Abraham’s crazy “Tell ‘em you’re my sister” plan. What did you learn about Sarah’s life at this time? (Did anyone research Ur to find out what Sarah left?) Would you have done something similar to save the life of someone you love?

✓ God honored Sarah for not giving way to fear (1 Peter 3:5-6). Abraham failed to protect Sarah in this incident, but God didn’t. Abraham had not given over the safety of his own life to the Lord yet because his faith did not extend to this area. Like Abraham, what area of your life have you never really given over to the Lord, and how does this affect those around you?

Day Two

✓ What was God’s plan to solve their barrenness problem? What was Abraham’s plan? What was Sarah’s plan? How did Sarah’s plan play out and affect all those involved?

✓ About 13 years later, God once again told Abraham His plan to provide descendants for Abraham and a faithful people for Himself. How did Abraham respond this time? What additional information is given in Romans 4:18-21?

✓ Why did the three visitors come? What did the Lord give Sarah for the first time, and how did she respond?

✓ In what areas of your life have you learned greater trust of your God? Describe one area more fully.

Day Three

✓ What story did Sarah have to tell about Isaac’s birth? How do we know that God loved Sarah as much as Abraham?

✓ About three years later, the conflict with Hagar and Ishmael reached a head. What was the response of Sarah, Abraham and God to the situation?

✓ From your study, what descriptive characteristics of Sarah, positive or negative, did you write down to help you remember her? What about Sarah can you identify with?

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith

✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.

✓ What in Sarah’s life could have “terrified” her? In which ones did Sarah, by faith, do what was right and not give way to fear?

✓ In what areas of your life have you learned greater trust of your God?
Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

**Day One**
- What did you learn about the women who influenced Miriam, especially her mother, Jochebed?
- How did you describe Miriam as a child and the fearful situations she faced?
- Moses, Aaron, and Miriam came from a faith-filled home. What kind of home did you grow up in, and how has this affected your ability to courageously trust God and not give way to fear?

**Day Two**
- From Exodus 14, what did Miriam experience of God’s faithfulness along with the rest of Israel?
- God said in Micah 6:4 that He sent Miriam to be a leader of Israel. In what ways did she serve God through leading?
- What did you learn about the various aspects of prophesying?
- The Holy Spirit still inspires us to break out in enthusiastic praise to God just like He did through Miriam. Share about a time when you began to spontaneous praise God through the ways mentioned or another way.
- Even if you’ve never testified like Miriam did, your story of God’s faithfulness in your life is your testimony. Would any of you like to share what you’ve written about God’s faithfulness to you?

**Day Three**
- Why were Miriam and Aaron talking against Moses?
- Discuss the Lord’s response to their complaining and how His response affected Moses, Aaron, and Miriam.
- What is our responsibility towards authority, and how are we to prevent undermining someone’s leadership over us?
- What attitudes should we have towards the rest of our church family if we are in leadership positions in the Body of Christ?

**Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith**
- Read the paragraph and the four truths.
- Thinking back through Miriam’s life, what situations did she face that could have terrified her? How did she respond to God by faith in those situations?
- Would any of you like to share about the fears you have confronted this week and how you have dealt with them?
LESSON 4: RAHAB — A PAST & A FUTURE

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One

✓ Why did God bring the Israelites out of Egypt and into the Promised Land accompanied by so many miraculous events?

✓ What did the people of Rahab’s land know about Israel and her history, and how did that knowledge affect them? (If anyone researched what life was like in Jericho, ask her to share that information.)

✓ Describe Rahab and discuss whether anyone else in Jericho could have come to the same conclusion about the God of Israel that she did. What did you learn about her and the people of Jericho?

✓ Rahab made a conscious choice for God based upon the facts she knew about Him. What did she do that day, and what risk did that involve?

Day Two

✓ Regarding the covenant the spies made with Rahab, what were the responsibilities for each party?

✓ What was God’s plan for defeating Jericho, and how did the people respond?

✓ Rahab and her family had to wait those seven days also. What might have been her emotions during this time? What did God do for her and her family?

✓ Not knowing the “marching orders”, Rahab had to wait for God to act. We also must wait for God’s timing, which is always perfect, in answer to our prayers. Has anyone become discouraged from having to wait? How does knowing that God is in the waiting, too, and that waiting binds you together with Him change your perspective of waiting?

Day Three

✓ What did you learn from the 3 mentions of Rahab in the New Testament?

✓ Consider the word “disobedient” in the context of the rest of Jericho. Did God give them an opportunity to be persuaded, and how did He do it?

✓ Consider God’s grace toward the prostitute Rahab. In what ways did He forgive her past and give her a new future?

✓ Do you feel some sins in your past or present are so terrible that they can’t be forgiven or that you are unworthy to serve God? What have you learned from Rahab’s story that confirms to you God can forgive your past and give you a new future?

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith

✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.

✓ Consider how Rahab faced the opportunities for fear in her life by faith in God.

✓ We will probably never be faced with the dramatic circumstances of Rahab, but we do have our own distressing situations in life. Does anyone want to share about the problems you are facing now, the choices available to you, and how you will respond?
LESSON 5: DEBORAH & JAEL — RESOURCEFUL WOMEN

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One
- What were God’s general instructions to Israel regarding life in the land?
- Why did the Israelites forget God so readily, what did God say would happen, and how is God’s faithfulness demonstrated to His people as He dealt with them? (If anyone found out more about the Canaanite oppression, ask her to share the information with the group.)

Day Two
- Describe Deborah using as many descriptive terms as possible.
- How did Deborah act as a prophetess?
- Compare Deborah and Barak regarding the response of each to God’s word, including His plan to have the Israelites encamp on a mountain before the battle.
- How are you serving God using your gifts as Deborah served Him using hers? What, if anything, is holding you back?

Day Three
- Describe Jael and discuss whether Jael was doing God’s will. What did you determine about her?
- How did Jael do what was right without giving way to fear, and what risks did she take doing this?
- What is revealed in Deborah’s song about the various subjects listed? (Go through each one.)
- Discuss God’s use of women in civil leadership.
- How do Deborah and Jael encourage you as a woman, especially how God used them as they functioned in their various roles as women with the resources available to them every day? Consider how your everyday womanly skills and resources have benefited others. Would anyone like to share about a specific time?

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith
- Read the paragraph and the four truths.
- Discuss the opportunities for fear in the lives of Deborah and Jael and how each responded to those opportunities.
- When was the last time you showed courage in living for Christ—such as testifying publicly about your faith, challenging others to do right, forgetting the opinion of the crowd, expressing love and appreciation for those in authority, etc.? What might be holding you back? Does anyone want to share about this?
LESSON 6: NAOMI & RUTH — MOTHERS & DAUGHTERS

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

**Day One**
- What did you learn about Naomi and Ruth, especially what Ruth had learned from Naomi through the years?
- What relationship(s) did Ruth give up to pursue her new faith? Has your faith caused a separation between you and your natural family or someone formerly very close to you?
- Would anyone like to share their experience with grief, how you felt, how long it lasted, what got you through it?
- Describe their relationship and how they helped each other.

**Day Two**
- Once in Bethlehem, what kinds of emotions might each have been experiencing, and how do these women encourage one another?
- Knowing the provisions God made for widows in the Jewish culture, how would this foster compassion in the community?
- What did you learn about the “Kinsman Redeemer” law that provided for childless widows especially?
- What did the non-Jewish Ruth learn about God’s faithfulness to her through this special law?

**Day Three**
- What did God do for both Ruth and Naomi? How are we blessed through this new marriage?
- What did you learn about “loyalty”—what it means and to whom it applies?
- Discuss the advantages of a mentoring relationship between older and younger women—each benefiting the other.
- Consider seeking someone whom you could trust for advice and encouragement. Or, as an older woman, looking for someone who might need your encouragement. Does anyone want to share how they answered these questions?
- If you are married or one of your children is married, how can you apply this lesson to your “in-law” relationship?

**Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith**
- Read the paragraph and the four truths.
- What circumstances could have terrified Naomi and Ruth? How did each respond to God by faith?
- Considering the verses and the song lyrics, what decision should we make when things are tough? Does anyone want to give an example from her life when you have trusted God in the midst of the bad times?
LESSON 7: HANNAH & MRS. MANOAH — MOTHERING CHALLENGES

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

**Day One**

- What did you learn about Mrs. Manoah and God’s plan to provide for her need and to help Israel as well?
- Discuss Mrs. Manoah’s responsibility while pregnant and in raising her Nazirite son. How does this scripture support the value of the life of an unborn child before birth?
- Discuss how God communicated to both Mrs. Manoah and her husband. What do their responses reveal about their faith? (If anyone did a study on the “angel of the Lord”, ask her to share that information.)
- What did you learn about Samson and how you can deal with fears about raising a prodigal son?

**Day Two**

- What did you learn about Hannah and her life situation?
- Discuss the indication that Elkanah did not fully recognize Hannah’s emotional needs or perhaps misunderstood her. Does your husband or closest friend ever misunderstand your feelings, and how do you react?
- Discuss how Hannah grew spiritually because of her barrenness. Like Hannah’s prayer, God uses prayer to get us into partnership with Him, then we recognize His blessing. Who is helping us in our prayer and how?
- Is there anyone here who has experienced barrenness for some time like Hannah and Sarah did? How have you learned to live through it? (If anyone researched the women identified in scripture without reference to children, ask them to share what they learned.)

**Day Three**

- Hannah fulfilled her vow to God and gave praise to Him through a song. What emotions does she express, and what truths does she affirm about her God in this song?
- Hannah left her boy in the hands of old Eli who had not done very well raising his own sons. Why didn’t that terrify her? What did you learn of God’s faithfulness to Samuel as he grew up as well as Samuel’s response?
- How did Hannah mother her son from a distance? If anyone here has to be a mother from a distance, please share with us your experience with that and whether or not you have learned to trust God with that child.

**Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith**

- Read the paragraph and the four truths.
- Reflect on the two women studied, what fears they may have faced, and how they responded to God by faith. What did you determine about them?
- Both Hannah and Mrs. Manoah experienced God’s love as He took care of them in specific situations. Would anyone like to share what you wrote about the great love of the Lord for you and how He took care of you in 1 or 2 specific situations?
LESSON 8: ABIGAIL & BATHSHEBA — TWO WIVES

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One
✓ What did you learn about God’s choice of David and anointing him as king?
✓ Describe Abigail, Nabal, and their possible home life.

Day Two
✓ Abigail didn’t panic. Would you have panicked? Does anyone want to share about being in such a dangerous (or perceived dangerous) situation and how you got through it?
✓ How did Abigail do what was right on behalf of both her husband and David without giving way to fear?
✓ How did the Lord deal with Nabal?
✓ Discuss spiritual maturity in Abigail in spite of her difficult situation. How does God use difficulties to shape us?
✓ Abigail’s attitudes and feelings were no doubt affected by her probably living in the midst of constant stress of unresolved conflict. How should we counsel a woman in such a situation? (Offer confidentiality and emotional support to someone currently living in such a home.)

Day Three
✓ What do you learn about Bathsheba and her response to challenging situations? (If anyone researched about Jerusalem, what did they learn that would enhance this discussion?)
✓ Contrast Bathsheba’s husband with Abigail’s husband and consider what David’s actions cost Bathsheba.
✓ Considering the verse referenced and remembering how Abigail prevented an angry David from doing evil, could Bathsheba have likewise appealed to David?
✓ How did God view what happened to Bathsheba, and what would be the consequences? (If anyone researched how Nathan’s prophecy came true, this would be the time to share it. Also, if anyone read Psalm 51 and would like to share what they learned.)
✓ Ask if anyone would like to share something on the subject of immorality in previous relationships and learning to forgive oneself and the other person.

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith
✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.
✓ Discuss the situations that could have terrified Abigail or Bathsheba and any response to God by faith.
✓ Considering the biblical description of Abigail and Bathsheba as beautiful women, what does the Bible say of the role that physical beauty should have in a person’s character?
LESSON 9: TWO WIDOWS — SINGLE WITH CHILDREN

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One

✓ Since God did answer Elijah’s prayer, what effects did that drought have on people, and what did Elijah learn about God’s creative provision for him? (Thought question: When we ask for God to work in someone else’s life, are we willing to suffer the consequences of His action ourselves?)

✓ Consider God’s provision for His children today. What did you learn from those verses, and how you have seen God creatively provide for you?

Day Two

✓ What did you learn about this poor widow and her situation in life?
✓ What did God do for her, and how did she respond? What was her responsibility, and how was her obedience rewarded?
✓ Reflecting on the song lyrics and the scriptures given, how grateful are you for what the Lord has already done in your life and for the times He says, “No”?
✓ What tragedy occurred in this household, and why did the widow respond as she did? (Cover the "Focus on the Meaning.") Have you ever experienced anger or distrust of God when something bad happened? If so, how did you get over it?
✓ As God’s representative, what did Elijah do? Why does God perform miracles? Did it work this time?
✓ When we seek first His kingdom and righteousness, He promises to be faithful to us to provide our needs. You might know someone who turned to the Lord only after exhausting all other resources. When might it be good to pray for someone to reach desperate circumstances? What if it involves you?

Day Three

✓ What measures had God included in His Law to care for the helpless?
✓ What was the widow’s responsibility, and what benefits did she gain from her obedience?
✓ How could this incident have impacted her sons?
✓ God defended her cause through both a miracle and through the community helping her. From the verses given, what did you learn about helping needy women in our community, especially in the Body of Christ?

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith

✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.
✓ What fears did both of these women face, and how did they demonstrate faith?
✓ Often, we overlook what God has already provided for us and concentrate instead on what we don’t have. What do you learn from seeing that God used what both women already had as a resource to help them? Does anyone want to share how God has done this in your life?
LESSON 10: WOMAN OF SHUNEM — A STORY TO TELL

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One
✓ Describe this woman, her home life, and her idea to serve God’s representative.
✓ Elisha cares enough about her to realize she does need a child. What does this woman learn about God through this?
✓ Discuss homemaking as a ministry and your home as a ministry tool. Has God given you opportunity to use your home to minister to someone else?
✓ How can you better serve those who are dedicating their lives to serve you, particularly pastors and Bible teachers?

Day Two
✓ What crisis occurred, and how did she respond to the crisis?
✓ This woman was seeking God, through His representative Elisha. What confidence do we have in God when we bring our deepest needs to Him? Does anyone want to share about a time when you faced a crisis that only God could handle?
✓ What did you learn about Elisha’s respect for this woman and his ability to perform this miracle?
✓ Consider steps to take to remain faithful to God alone in the midst of a wicked culture. What would those be?

Day Three
✓ In what ways has God shown His faithfulness to her through good times and bad in her past, in her present, and for her future?
✓ After reading this passage, why do you think God allowed the family in Shunem to experience the crisis in 2 Kings 4?
✓ How does this woman inspire you, and how do other women today inspire you?

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith
✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.
✓ Reflect on the fears this woman faced at different times in her life and how she responded to God by faith. What did you learn?
✓ Group members share their stories with the group during this week or next. Consider the following guidelines:
  • Give each woman about 5 minutes.
  • Ask everyone not to interrupt her as she shares her story.
  • Stress confidentiality from group members about what is shared.
  • Remember that you are not to try to fix any “problem” she expresses, but to point her to Jesus.
LESSON 11: ESTHER — WOMAN OF COURAGE

Read the Bible verse at the beginning of the lesson. Choose ahead of time which verses from the questions the group will read aloud as you proceed through the discussion.

Day One

✓ Discuss the Israelites had experienced for the years before Esther’s time.
✓ Describe Esther.
✓ Discuss Esther’s character and how it helped her in the palace and in handling the matter of Mordecai.
✓ Share a time in your life when you needed to obtain and maintain favor with someone and did that with integrity.

Day Two

✓ What crisis occurred, and what was Mordecai’s response?
✓ Compare Mordecai’s words with Joseph’s perspective on his life and position.
✓ How did Esther respond to Mordecai’s advice?
✓ Describe a “God moment” in your life where were given the opportunity to make a difference in the lives of others around you.

Day Three

✓ Compare 7:2 and 5:3, 6. Discuss the king’s statement and Esther’s request.
✓ What character traits did Esther exhibit in this incident?
✓ How was Esther able to work around challenges to save her people?
✓ How was God glorified in the results of Esther’s request?
✓ Discuss being married or working with unbelievers as a team for the common good.

Day Four — The Walk from Fear to Faith

✓ Read the paragraph and the four truths.
✓ Reflect on the fears this woman faced at different times in her life and how she responded to God by faith. What did you learn?
✓ Group members share their stories with the group this week if they didn’t do it last week. Consider the following guidelines:
  • Give each woman about 5 minutes.
  • Ask everyone not to interrupt her as she shares her story.
  • Stress confidentiality from group members about what is shared.
  • Remember that you are not to try to fix any “problem” she expresses, but to point her to Jesus.
Applying Faith To Fear

The information below is a great tool to use whenever you are afraid. It will lead you to apply faith to your fear.

1. **Confront** it. What fears do you have right now? Think about them. The worst ones, the real ones, and the imaginary ones.

2. **Ask** about each one: What is my worst-case scenario? Consider just one of those fears. What is the worst that could happen? Think realistically.

3. **Consider**: If the worst I can imagine happens, could I handle it through the presence and power of Jesus Christ? As a believer, you have the power of the One who created the Universe living inside of you. Can He help me get through anything? Remember Romans 8:26—the Spirit Himself is praying for you in your weakness when you don’t even know what to ask for.

4. **Remember** these four truths:
   - God loves me. John 16:27; Romans 5:5, Ephesians 5:1
   - God knows what is going on in my life. Matthew 6:31-32; Psalm 139:1-10
   - God can do something about it. Genesis 18:14; Luke 1:37; Mark 10:27
   - I can trust His goodness in whatever He chooses to do. Psalm 119:68; Proverbs 3:5

5. **Pray**: Prayer is simply talking to God about anything and everything. Thank the Lord for His presence and His goodness.

   Ask Him for the courage and peace to ride out the storm. Where the Bible is clear, you can claim God’s promises by faith.

   Anytime, you can ask for deliverance and protection—but you cannot hold God to promises He hasn’t made. He hasn’t promised immunity from natural calamities, illness, and troubles.

6. **Live life** securely in Him:

   Take common sense precautions. Be wise in the world.

   Trust God to show you what to do and give you strength when you are weak.
Sources

The following resources were used in the preparation and writing of this study.

3. David Meece, “Things You Never Gave Me” lyrics
4. MercyMe, “Bring The Rain” lyrics
7. Shannon Wexelberg, “In the Waiting” lyrics
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